#### 1 Gosport Investigation

2

3 Acknowledgements

4 CHI wishes to thank the following people for their help and 5 co-operation with the production of this report:

6 The patients and relatives who contributed either in person, 7 over the phone or in writing. CHI recognises how difficult 8 some of these contacts were for the relatives of those who 9 have died and is deeply grateful to them.

10 CHIs investigation team (see Chapter ?? paragraph ??) and 11 the clinical notes review group (see appendix E).

12 Staff interviewed by CHIs investigation team (see appendix D) and those who assisted CHI during the course of the 13 14 particular Fiona investigation. In Cameron, General 15 Manager, Caroline Harrington, Corporate Governance Advisor, Max Millet, Chief Executive (until 31.3.02) and Ian Piper 16 17 Chief Executive of Fareham and Gosport PCT (since 1.4.02). 18 Staff and patients who welcomed the CHI team on to the wards

- 19 during observation work.
- 20 Detective Superintendent John James, Hampshire Constabulary 21 The agencies listed in appendix D who gave their views and 22 submitted relevant documents to the investigation. 23

## 24 Executive Summary

25

#### 26 Introductory Background

27 CHI has undertaken this investigation as a consequence of 28 concerns expressed by the police and others around the care 29 treatment of frail older people provided by and the 30 Portsmouth Healthcare NHS Trust at the Gosport War Memorial 31 Hospital. This follows a number of police investigations between 1998 and 2001 into the potential unlawful killing of 32 33 a patient in 1998. As part of their investigations, the 34 police commissioned expert medical opinion, which was made 35 available to CHI, relating to a total of five patient deaths 36 in 1998. In February 2002, the police decided not to 37 proceed with further investigations.

38

43

39 The police were sufficiently concerned about the care of 40 older people at the War Memorial Hospital, based on information gathered during their investigations, to share 41 42 their concerns with CHI in August 2001.

## 44 Key Findings

45 In reaching the conclusions in this report, CHI has 46 addressed whether, since 1998, there had been a failure of 47 trust systems to ensure good quality patient care. 48

1 2 CHI believes that the use of diamorphone and the combination 3 of medicines with a sedative effect administered to patients in 1998 was excessive and outside of accepted practice. 4 5 There had been no trust policies in place to ensure the correct use of an "analgesic ladder", patients had been 6 administered strong opiate analgesia on admission. 7 There had been a practice of anticipatory prescribing of high dose 8 9 ranges of medicines , with discretion given to nursing staff 10 to administer as required. 11 12 The Portsmouth Healthcare NHS Trust (PHCT) failed to act on the triggers provided four years ago, in 1998, by a police 13 14 investigation, a pattern of patient complaints and the 15 trust's own pharmacy data to undertake an immediate review 16 of prescribing practice on the wards caring for older 17 people. 18 19 The PHCT has since, 2001 a policy in place relating to the assessment of pain. This includes guidance on appropriate 20 21 prescribing. Following a review of the case notes of patients in late 2001 and early 2002, CHI believes that 22 23 appropriate prescribing is now being undertaken and 24 anticipatory prescribing is no longer happening. The trusts 25 own review ????? 26 27 CHI found no trust system for reviewing the performance of 28 clinical assistants and unsatisfactory supervision 29 arrangements. CHI understands that appraisal systems for 30 GPs acting as clinical assistants are still in their infancy 31 within the NHS but considers that the concerns around prescribing on these wards were significant enough to have 32 33 initiated such a review of practice. 34 35 There was confusion at both ward and senior management 36 level, echoed nationally, around the terminology and 37 expectations of the range of care offered to older people. 38 39 CHI found a well structured and motivated senior managerial 40 team which demonstrated a strong emphasis on staff welfare 41 and development. Good, patient quality based local 42 performance review mechanisms were in place throughout the 43 trust. The principles of clinical governance and reflective 44 nursing practice had been developed to deliver improved 45 patient care.

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1
   Chapter 1 - Terms of reference and process of the
2
   investigation
3
4
   During the summer of 2001, concerns were raised with CHI
5
   about the use of some medicines, particularly analgesia and
6
   levels of sedation, and the culture in which care was
   provided for older people at the Gosport War Memorial
7
8
   Hospital.
              These concerns also included the responsibility
9
   for clinical care and transfer arrangements with other
10
   hospitals.
11
12
   On 18 September 2001, CHI's Investigations and Fast Track
   Clinical Governance Programme Board decided to undertake an
13
14
   investigation into the management, provision and quality of
15
   healthcare for which Portsmouth Healthcare NHS Trust is
   responsible at the Gosport War Memorial Hospital.
16
                                                         CHI's
17
   decision was based on evidence of high risk activity and the
18
   likelihood that the possible findings of a CHI investigation
19
   would result in lessons for the whole of the NHS.
20
21
   Terms of reference
22
   The investigation terms of reference were informed by a
23
   chronology of events surrounding the death of one patient
24
   provided by the trust. Discussions were also held with the
25
   trust,
           the Isle of Wight, Portsmouth and South
                                                         East
26
   Hampshire Health Authority and the NHS South East Regional
27
   Office to ensure that the terms of reference would deliver a
28
    comprehensive report to ensure maximum learning locally and
29
    for the NHS.
30
31
   The terms of reference agreed on 9 October 2001 are as
32
   follows:
33
34
   The investigation will look at whether, since 1998, there
   had been a failure of trust systems to ensure good quality
35
36
   patient care. The investigation will focus on the following
37
   elements within services for older people (inpatient,
38
    continuing and rehabilitative care) at Gosport War Memorial
39
   Hospital.
40
41
        i). Staffing and accountability arrangements, including
42
            out of hours.
43
       ii). The guidelines and practices in place at the trust
44
                 ensure
                        good
                               quality
                                        care
                                              and
                                                     effective
            to
45
            performance management.
46
      iii). Arrangements for the prescription, administration,
47
            review and recording of drugs.
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26/08/15 1 iv). Communication and collaboration between the trust and patients, their relatives and carers and with 2 3 partner organisations. 4 v). Arrangements to support patients and their 5 relatives and carers towards the end of the 6 patients' life. 7 vi). Supervision and training arrangements in place to 8 enable staff to provide effective care. 9 10 In addition, CHI will examine how lessons to improve patient 11 care have been learnt across the trust from patient 12 complaints. 13 14 The investigation will also look at the adequacy of the 15 trust's clinical governance arrangements to support 16 inpatient continuing and rehabilitation care for older 17 people. 18 19 CHI's investigation team 20 21 Alan Carpenter, chief executive, Somerset Coast Primary Care 22 Trust 23 Anne Grosskurth, CHI Support Investigations Manger 24 Dr Tony Luxton, consultant geriatrician, Lifespan Healthcare 25 NHS Trust 26 Julie Miller, CHI Lead Investigations Manager 27 Maureen Morgan, Independent Consultant and former Community 28 Trust Nurse Director 29 Dr Mary Parkinson, Retired GP and Lay Member (Age Concern) 30 Jennifer Wenborne, Independent Occupational Therapist 31 32 The team was supported by: 33 Liz Fradd, CHI Nurse Director, lead CHI director for the 34 investigation 35 Nan Newberry, CHI Senior Analyst 36 Kellie-Ann Rehill, CHI Investigations Coordinator 37 A medical notes review group established by CHI to review 38 anonymised medical notes (see appendix E)

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1

2 The investigation process 3 The investigation consisted of five inter related parts: 4 5 Review and analysis of a range of documents specific to the 6 care of older people at the trust, including clinical governance arrangements, expert witness reports forwarded by 7 8 the police and relevant national documents (See appendix A 9 for a list of documents reviewed). 10 11 Analysis of views received from 36 patients, relatives and 12 friends about care received at the Gosport War Memorial 13 Hospital. Views were obtained through a range of methods, 14 including meetings, correspondence, telephone calls and a 15 short questionnaire. (See appendix B for an analysis of 16 views received). 17 18 A five day visit by the CHI investigation team to the 19 Gosport War Memorial Hospital when a total of 59 staff from 20 all groups involved in the care and treatment of older 21 people at the hospital and relevant trust management were 22 interviewed. CHI also undertook periods of observation on 23 Daedalus, Dryad and Sultan wards. (See appendix C for a list 24 of all staff interviewed). 25 26 Interviews with relevant agencies and other NHS 27 organisations, including those representing patients and relatives (See appendix D for a list of organisations 28 29 interviewed). 30 31 An independent review of anonymised clinical and nursing notes of a random sample of patients who had recently died 32 33 on Daedalus, Dryad and Sultan wards between August 2001 and 34 January 2002. The term of reference for this specific piece 35 of work, the membership of the CHI team which undertook the 36 work, and a summary of findings are attached at appendix E.

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1 Chapter 2 - Background to the investigation 2 3 Events surrounding the CHI investigation 4 5 Police investigations 6 The death of a 91 year old female patient in August 1998 on 7 Daedalus ward led to a complaint to the trust by the family regarding her care and treatment. A daughter of the patient 8 9 contacted the police in September 1998 alleging that her mother had been unlawfully killed. A range of issues were 10 11 identified by the police in support of the allegation. 12 Following an investigation, documents were referred to the Crown Prosecution Service (CPS) in November 1998 and again 13 14 in February 1999. The CPS responded formally in March 1999 15 indicating that in their view, there was insufficient 16 evidence to prosecute any staff for manslaughter or any 17 other offence. 18 19 The police investigation begun in 1998 was the subject of a 20 complaint to the police. A further police investigation was 21 begun in August 1999. Subsequently, in December 2000 further information was submitted to the CPS concerning the 22 23 circumstances of the patient's death. In August 2001 the 24 CPS advised that there was insufficient evidence to provide 25 a realistic prospect of a conviction against any member of 26 staff. 27 28 Local media coverage in March 2001 resulted in eleven other 29 families raising concerns about the circumstances of their 30 relatives' deaths in 1997 and 1998. The police decided to 31 refer four of these deaths for expert opinion to determine whether or not a further, more extensive investigation was 32 33 appropriate. Two expert reports were received in November 34 and December 2001 which were made available to CHI. These 35 reports raised very serious clinical concerns regarding 36 prescribing practices in the trust in 1998. 37 38 In February 2002, the police decided that a more intensive 39 police investigation was not an appropriate course of 40 action. In addition to CHI, the police have referred the expert reports to the GMC, the UKCC, the trust and the Isle 41 42 of Wight, Portsmouth and East Hampshire Health Authority. 43 44 Action Taken by Professional Regulatory Bodies 45 46 General Medical Council (GMC) 47 The case of one doctor is currently being reconsidered by 48 the GMC, no interim suspension order has been made. Status 49 of Dr Lord referral? Gosport War Memorial Hospital Investigation

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1		
2	Unit	ed Kingdom Central Council (UKCC) and after 1.4.02
3		sing and Midwifery Council (NMC)
4		e nurses were referred to the UKCC's Preliminary Orders
5		ittee in June 2001, which has the authority to suspend
6 7		es, the cases were closed. Following receipt of further
8		are under investigation by the UKCC's successor body the
9		(This paragraph is subject to change and update)
10		
11	Comp	plaints to the Trust
12		e have been ten complaints to the trust concerning
13	-	ents treated on Daedalus, Dryad and Sultan wards since
14 15		. Three complaints between August and November 1998 ed concerns which included the use of diamorphine and
16		els of sedation on Daedalus and Dryad wards, including
17		complaint which triggered the initial police
18		stigation, which was not pursued through the NHS
19	Comp	laints Procedure.
20 21	Nati	on taken by Health Authority
$\frac{21}{22}$		the context of this investigation, the Isle of Wight,
23		smouth and East Hampshire Health Authority had two
24	-	oonsibilities. Firstly, as the statutory body, in 1998,
25	_	oonsible for commissioning NHS services for local people
26 27		secondly as the body through which GPs are permitted to stice. Some of the care provided to patients at the
27	-	ort War Memorial Hospital, as in community hospitals
29	_	Sughout the NHS, is delivered on hospital premises by
30	GPs.	A number of actions were taken:
31	<i>.</i> .	
32 33	(a)	In June 2001, the prescribing practice of a local GP
33 34		was reviewed through the health authority voluntary Local Procedure for the Identification and Support of
35		Primary Care Medical Practitioners whose Practice is
36		Giving Cause for Concern. No concerns were found. (did
37		they talk to the trust?)
38	( <b>۲</b> ۱	In July 2001 the Chief Executive of the ball-b
39 40	(b)	In July 2001, the Chief Executive of the health authority asked CHI for assistance in a local enquiry
40		in order to re-establish public confidence in the
42		services for older people in Gosport. The health
43		authority contact with CHI was made at the same time
44		the police contacted CHI. CHI then began a screening
45 46		process to determine whether CHI should initiate an
40 47		investigation.
48	©	Following receipt of the police expert witness reports
49		in February 2002, the health authority sought changes

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1 2 3	in relation to the prescription of certain pain killers (opiates and benzodiazepines) in general practice.
3 4	Action taken by NUCE Couth Foot Decienal Office
	Action taken by NHSE South East Regional Office
5	For the period of the investigation, the Regional Offices of
6	the NHSE were responsible, for the strategic and performance
7	management of the NHS, including trusts and health
8	authorities. The South East Regional Office was unable to
9	demonstrate to CHI, a robust system for monitoring trust
10	complaints relating to the Portsmouth Healthcare NHS Trust
11	which would have demonstrated an awareness of local
12	concerns. Serious Untoward Incident reports were completed
13	in April and July 2001 in response to articles surrounding
14	the death of a patient at the Gosport War Memorial Hospital
15	in the media.
16	(when did RO contact HA? When did trust contact RO?)

```
1
   Chapter 3 - National and Local Context
2
3
   National context
4
5
   The standard of NHS care for older people has long caused
6
   concern. A number of national reports, including the NHS
7
   National Plan and the Standing Nursing and Midwifery
8
   Committee's 2001 report found care to be deficient. Amongst
9
   national concerns raised have been, an inadequate and
10
   demoralised workforce, poor care environments, lack of
11
   seamless care within the NHS and ageism.
                                               The NHS Plan's
12
   section "Dignity, Security and Independence in Old Age"
   published in July 2000, outlined the government's plans for
13
14
   the care of older people which would be detailed in a
15
   National Service Framework.
16
                  Service Framework
17
   The
        National
                                      for Older
                                                  People
                                                          was
18
   published in March 2001 and sets standards of care of older
19
   people in all care settings. It aims to ensure high quality
20
   of care and treatment, regardless of age. Older people are
   to be treated as individuals with dignity and respect. The
21
22
   framework places special emphasis on the involvement of
23
   older patient's and their relatives in the care process,
24
   including care planning. There are to be local mechanisms
25
   to ensure the implementation of the framework with progress
26
   expected by June 2001.
27
28
   National standards, called Essence of Care published in
29
   2001, provide benchmarks for assessing nursing practice
30
   against fundamental aspects of care such as nutrition,
   pressure sores and privacy and dignity. These have been
31
   produced by the Department of Health as an audit tool to
32
33
   ensure good practice and have been widely disseminated
34
   across the NHS.
35
36
    Trust Background
37
   Gosport War Memorial Hospital was part of Portsmouth
   Healthcare NHS Trust (PHCT) between April 1994 and April
38
39
   2002. The hospital is situated on the Gosport peninsula and
40
   has 113 beds. Together with outpatient services and a day
   hospital, there are beds for older people and maternity
41
42
   services. The hospital does not admit patients who are
43
   acutely ill, it has neither an A&E nor intensive care
    facilities. PHCT provided a range of community and hospital
44
45
   based services
                   for the people of Portsmouth, Fareham,
46
   Gosport and surrounding areas.
                                     These services included
   mental health (adult and elderly), community paediatrics,
47
48
   elderly medicine, learning disabilities and psychology.
```

49

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The trust was one of the largest community trusts in the 1 south of England and employed almost 5,000 staff. 2 In 3 2001/02 the trust had a budget in excess of £100 million, over 20% of income was spent on its largest service, elderly 4 5 medicine. All financial targets were met in 2000/01. 6

7 Move Towards the Primary Care Trust

8 PHCT was dissolved on 31 March 2002. Services have been 9 transferred to local Primary Care Trusts (PCTs), including the Fareham and Gosport PCT which became operational, as a 10 11 level four PCT, in April 2002. Arrangements have been made 12 for various local PCTs to "host" clinical services on behalf This will not mean that the PCT 13 of other organisations. 14 will commission services of another PCT. The Fareham and 15 Gosport PCT will manage the nursing staff, premises and facilities of a number of sites, including the Gosport War 16 17 Memorial Hospital. Medical staff involved in the care of 18 older people, including those working at the Gosport War 19 Memorial Hospital, are now employed by the East Hampshire 20 Further detail of PCT hosting arrangements can be PCT. 21 found at appendix F

- 22
- 23 Portsmouth NHS Healthcare Trust Strategic Management

24 The Trust Board consisted of a Chair, 5 Non-Executive Directors, the Chief Executive and the executive directors 25 26 of operations, medicine, nursing and finance, together with 27 the personnel director. The trust was organised into 6 divisions, two of which are relevant to this investigation. 28 29 The Fareham and Gosport Division which managed the Gosport 30 War Memorial Hospital and the Department of Elderly 31 Medicine.

32

33 CHI heard that the Trust was well regarded in the local 34 health community and had developed constructive links with the Health Authority and local PCGs. For example in the 35 lead up to the new PCT, PHCT's Director of Operations worked 36 37 for two days each week for the East Hampshire PCT. Other examples included the joint work of the PCG and the Trust on 38 39 Development of Intermediate Care and the Clinical 40 Governance. High regard and respect for trust staff was 41 also commented on by the Local Medical Committee, UNISON and 42 the RCN.

- 43
- 44 Local Services for Older People

45 Before April 2002, all services for older people in 46 Portsmouth, including acute care, rehabilitation and continuing care were provided by the department of medicine 47 48 for elderly people which was managed by the Portsmouth 49 Healthcare NHS Trust. Acute services are based in the Queen

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Alexandra and St Mary's Hospitals, part of the Portsmouth 1 2 Though an unusual arrangement, Hospitals NHS Trust. 3 precedents for this model of care did exist, in Southampton Community Trust for example. Management of all services for 4 5 older people has now transferred to the East Hampshire PCT. 6 Until August 2001, the Royal Hospital Halsar, a Ministry of Defence military hospital on the Gosport peninsula also 7 provided acute medical care to older civilians as well as 8 9 military staff. 10 11 Service Performance Management 12 The principle tool for the performance management of the Fareham and Gosport division was the quarterly divisional 13 14 review, which considered regular reports on clinical 15 governance, complaints and risk. The division was led by a general manager, who reported to the chief executive. 16 17 Divisional management at PHCT was well defined, with clear 18 systems for reporting and monitoring. Leadership at Fareham 19 Gosport divisional and level was strong with clear 20 accounting structures to corporate and board level. 21 22 In patient services for older people at the Gosport War 23 Memorial Hospital 1998-2002 24 The Gosport War Memorial Hospital provides continuing care, 25 rehabilitation, day hospital and outpatient services for older people and was managed by the Fareham & Gosport 26 27 Division. In November 2000 there was a change of use of 28 beds at the hospital to provide community rehabilitation and 29 post acute beds as a result of local developments to develop 30 intermediate and rehabilitation services in the community. 31 32 In 1998 four wards admitted older patients at the War 33 Memorial Hospital; Dryad, Daedalus, Sultan and Mulberry 34 wards. This is still the case today.

35

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Ward	1998	2002
Dryad	20? Continuing care beds.	20 continuing care beds for
	Patients admitted under the	frail elderly patients and
	care of a consultant, with some	slow stream rehabilitation.
	care provided by a clinical	Patients are admitted under
	assistant.	the care of a consultant.
		Day to day care is provide by
		a staff grade doctor.
Daedalus	Trust to complete??	24 rehabilitation beds; 8
		general, 8 fast and 8 slow
	Patients admitted under the	stream (since November 2000).
	care of a consultant, with some	Patients are admitted under
	care provided by a clinical	the care of a consultant.
	assistant.	Day to day care is provided
		by a staff grade doctor.
Sultan	24 GP beds with care managed by	As for 1998, though since
	patients own GPs. Patients are	April 2002, staff now
	not exclusively older patients,	employed by a PCT.
	care can include rehabilitation	
	and respite care. A ward	
	manager (or sister) manages the	
	ward, which was staffed by PHCT	
	staff.	

1

2 Admission criteria

- 3 Dryad and Daedalus wards
- The current criteria for admission to both Dryad and 4 5 Daedalus wards, are that the patient must be over 65 and be registered with a GP within the Gosport PCG. In addition, 6 7 Dryad patients must have a Barthel score of under 4/20 and 8 require specialist medical and nursing intervention. The 9 Barthel score is a validated tool used to measure physical 10 disability. Daedalus patients must require multidisciplinary 11 rehabilitation for strokes and other conditions.
- 12

The case note review undertaken by CHI confirmed that the 13 14 admission criteria for these two wards was being adhered to 15 in recent months, appropriately admitted patients were being 16 cared for.

17

18 Sultan ward

19 There is a comprehensive list of admission criteria 20 developed in 1999, all of which must be met prior to admission. The criteria states that patients must not be 21 22 medically unstable and no intravenous lines must be in situ. 23 CHI found examples of some recent patients who had been 24 admitted with more complex needs than stipulated in the 25 admission criteria.

- 26
- 27 Elderly mental health

28 Though not part of the CHI investigation, older patients are 29 also cared for on the Mulberry ward, a 40 bed assessment 30 unit comprising of the Collingwood and Ark Royal wards. Gosport War Memorial Hospital Investigation 12

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-			to this rly mental		the	care	of	a

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1
   Terminology
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2 CHI found considerable confusion, in written information and 3 in interviews with staff, around the terminology describing the various levels of care for older people, for example CHI 4 5 heard of "stroke rehab, slow stream rehab, very slow stream 6 rehab, intermediate and continuing care". CHI was not aware 7 of any common criteria defining these areas in use at the trust. CHI stakeholder work confirmed that this confusion 8 9 extends to patients and relatives in terms of their expectations of the type of care which will be received. 10

- 11
- 12 Findings

13 Throughout the timeframe of the CHI investigation, CHI saw 14 evidence of strong leadership at corporate and divisional 15 level with a shared set of values. The senior management team was well established and functioned, together with the 16 trust board, as a cohesive team. The chief executive was 17 18 accessible to staff and well regarded by staff both within the trust and in the local health economy. Good links had 19 20 been developed with local PCGs.

21

22 CHI considers the divisional management quarterly review 23 process to have been an appropriate method of monitoring the 24 performance of the Fareham and Gosport division. 25

26 There is lack of clarity amongst all groups of staff, which 27 is communicated to patients and relatives, about the purpose 28 of each of the wards caring for older people and the levels 29 of care provided.

30

40

45

31 Recommendations

The Fareham and Gosport PCT and East Hampshire PCT should 32 33 work together to build on the many positive aspects of 34 leadership developed by PHCT in order to take the provision 35 of care for older people at the Gosport War Memorial 36 Hospital forward. The PCTs should devise an appropriate 37 performance monitoring tool to ensure that any quality of 38 care and performance shortfalls are identified and addressed 39 swiftly.

41 The findings of this investigation should be used to 42 influence the nature of local monitoring of the National 43 Service Framework for older people which CHI will ultimately 44 study.

46 The Department of Health should assist in the promotion of 47 an NHS wide shared understanding of the various terms used 48 to describe levels of care for older people.

1	Chapter 4 - Quality of Care and the Patient Experience					
2 3	Introduction					
3 4	Introduction The patient's experience is at the centre of all CHIs work.					
5	This chapter details CHI's findings following contact with					
6	patients and relatives which should be put into the context					
7	of the total number of 1725 finished consultant episode's (					
8	FCE's) for older patients admitted to the Gosport War					
9	Memorial Hospital between April 1998 and March 2001. Detail					
10	of the methodology used to gain an insight into the patient					
11	experience and of the issues raised with CHI are contained					
12 13	in Appendix B.					
13	Patient experience					
15	CHI examined in detail the experience of older patients					
16	admitted to the Gosport War Memorial Hospital between 1998					
17	and 2001 and that of their relatives and carers. This was					
18	carried out in two ways. Firstly, stakeholders were					
19	invited, through local publicity, to make contact with CHI.					
20 21	The police also wrote to relatives who had expressed concern					
21	to them informing them of the CHI investigation. Views were invited in person, in writing, over the telephone and by					
23	questionnaire. A total of 36 patients and relatives					
24	contacted CHI during the investigation.					
25						
26	Secondly, CHI made a number of observation visits, including					
27	at night, to Daedalus, Dryad and Sultan wards during the					
28	site visit week in January 2002, some of which were					
29 30	unannounced. Mealtimes, staff handovers, ward rounds and medicine rounds were observed.					
31	medicine iounds were observed.					
32	Stakeholder views					
33	The term stakeholder is used by CHI to define a range of					
34	people that are affected by, or have an interest in, the					
35	services offered by an organisation. CHI heard of a range of					
36	experiences of the care of older people from those who					
37 38	contacted CHI, both positive and negative. The most frequently raised concerns with CHI were; the use of					
39	medicines, the attitude of staff, incontinence management,					
40	nutrition and fluids and use of patients' own clothing. More					
41	detail on each of these areas is included below.					
42						
43	Use of medicines					
44	The use of pain relieving medicines and the use of syringe					
45 46	drivers to administer them was commented on by a number of relatives. One relative commented that her mother					
46 47	relatives. One relative commented that her mother "certainly was not in pain prior to transfer to the War					
48	Memorial". Though a number of relatives confirmed that staff					
49	did speak to them before medication was delivered by a					

syringe driver, CHI also received comments that families 1 2 would have liked more information "doctors should disclose 3 all drugs and why and what side effects are. There should 4 be more honesty". 5 6 Attitude of staff

7 Comments ranged from the very positive "Everyone was so kind and caring towards him in both Deadalus and Dryad wards and 8 9 "I received such kindness and help from all the staff at all times" to the less positive "I was made to feel 10 an 11 inconvenience because we asked questions" and "I got the 12 feeling she had dementia and her feelings didn't count."

14 Incontinence Management

15 Continence management is an important aspect of the care of 16 older people, the underlying objective is to promote or 17 sustain continence as part of an holistic assessment 18 including maintaining skin integrity (prevention of pressure 19 sores). Where this is not possible, a range of options, 20 including catheterisation are available and it is imparative 21 that these are discussed with patients, relatives and Some stakeholders raised concerns regarding the 22 carers. 23 "automatic" catheterisation of patients on admission to the 24 War Memorial. "They seem to catheterise everyone, my husband was not incontinent, the nurse said it was done 25 mostly to save time". Relatives also spoke of patients 26 27 waiting for long periods of time to be helped to the toilet 28 or for help in using the commode.

29

13

30 Patients clothing

31 Many relatives were distressed about patients who were not dressed in their own clothes, even when labelled clothes had 32 been provided by families. "They were never in their own 33 34 clothes". Relatives also thought patients being dressed in 35 other patients clothes as a potential cross infection risk. 36 The trust did apologise to families who had raised this as a 37 complaint and explained the steps taken by wards to ensure patients were dressed in their own clothes. This is an 38 39 important means by which patients dignity can be maintained.

- 40
- 41 Transfer arrangements between local hospitals

Concern was expressed regarding the physical transfer of 42 43 patients from one hospital to another. Amongst concerns were lengthy waits prior to transfer, inadequate clothing 44 and covering such as blankets during the journey and the 45 46 method used to transfer a patient "carried on nothing more 47 than a sheet". This concern was acknowledged by PHCT who 48 sought an apology from the referring hospital who did not 49 have the appropriate equipment available.

1 2 During the period of the investigation, the Hampshire 3 Ambulance Service, who were responsible for patient transfers received no complaints relating to the transfer of 4 5 patients to and from the Gosport War Memorial Hospital. 6 7 Nutrition and fluids Concerns were expressed by relatives around a perceived lack 8 9 of nutrition and fluids as patients drew to the end of life, "no water and fluids for last four days of life". Comments 10 11 were also raised about unsuitable, unappetising food and 12 patients left to eat without assistance. A number of stakeholders commented on untouched food being cleared away 13 14 without patients being given assistance to eat. 15 16 Following comments by stakeholders, CHI reviewed trust 17 policy for nutrition and fluids. The trust conducted an 18 audit of minimum nutritional standards between October 1997 19 and March 1998, as part of the five year national strategy 20 "Feeding People". The trust policy dated 2000 "Prevention and Management of Malnutrition" includes the designation of 21 22 an appropriately trained lead person in each clinical area, 23 who would organise training programmes for staff and improve 24 documentation to ensure 100% compliance. The standards 25 state: 26 27 - all patients must have a nutritional risk assessment on 28 admission 29 - Registered nurses must plan, implement and oversee 30 nutritional care and refer to an appropriate 31 professional as necessary. - All staff must ensure that documented evidence supports 32 33 the continuity of patient care and clinical practice. 34 - All clinical areas should have a nominated nutritional 35 representative who attends training/updates and is a 36 resource for colleagues. 37 - Systems should be in place to ensure that staff have the required training to implement and monitor the 38 39 'Feeding People' standards. 40 A second trust audit in 2000, concluded that overall the 41 42 implementation of the Feeding People standards have been "very encouraging". However, there were concerns about the 43 lack of documentation and a sense of complacency as locally 44 45 written protocols had not been produced universally

throughout the service. 46

As a result of the review of recent case notes, CHI noted 1 that appropriate recording of patient intake and output was 2 3 taking place. CHI was concerned that nurses did not appear to be able to make swallowing assessments, which could be 4 5 delayed over weekends, for example, when speech and language 6 staff would next be available. 7 8 Outcome of CHI observation work 9 The CHI team spent time on Dryad, Sultan and Daedalus wards throughout the week of 7 January 2002 to observe first hand 10 11 the environment in which care was given and the interactions 12 between staff and patients and between staff. Ward staff 13 welcomed the CHI team and were friendly and open. Though 14 CHI observed a range a good patient experiences this could 15 only take the form of a "snap shot" during the site visit 16 and may not be fully representative. However, many of the 17 positive aspects of patient care observed were confirmed by CHIs review of recent patient notes. 18 19 20 Ward environment 21 All wards were built during the 1991 expansion of the hospital and are modern, welcoming and bright. 22 This view 23 was echoed by stakeholders who were complimentary about the 24 décor and patient surroundings. Wards were tidy, clean and 25 fresh smelling. 26 27 Day rooms are pleasant and Daedalus ward has direct access 28 to a well designed garden suitable for wheelchair users. 29 The garden is paved with a variety of different textures to 30 enable patients to practice mobility. There is limited 31 storage space in Daedalus and Dryad wards and as a result 32 the corridors had become cluttered with equipment which was 33 observed as problematic for patients using walking aids. 34 Daedalus ward has an attractive, separate single room for 35 independent living assessment with its own sink and 36 wardrobe. 37 38 Staff attitude 39 The CHI team saw patients addressed by name in a respectful 40 and encouraging way and saw examples of staff helping 41 with dressing and conducting friendly patients 42 conversations. The staff handovers observed were well 43 conducted, held away from the main wards areas, with 44 information about patient care exchanged relevant 45 appropriately. 46 47 Mealtimes 48 Mealtimes were well organised with patients given a choice 49 of menu options and portion size. Patients who needed help

1 to eat and drink were given assistance. There appeared to be sufficient staff to serve meals, and to note when meals 2 were not eaten. CHI did not observe any meals returned 3 untouched. Healthcare support workers told CHI that they 4 5 were responsible for making a note when meals were not 6 eaten. 7 8 Daytime activities 9 Patients are able to watch the television in day rooms, where there are large print books, puzzles and current 10 11 newspapers. The CHI team saw little evidence of social 12 activities taking place, though some patients did eat together in the day room. Bells to call assistance were 13 14 available to patients by their beds, though less accessible to patients in the day rooms. The wards do have an 15 activities co-ordinator, though the impact of this post has 16 17 been limited. 18 19 Communication with patients and relatives 20 Daedalus ward have a communication book by each bed for 21 patients and relatives to make comments about day to day 22 care. This is a two way communication process which, for 23 example, allows therapy staff to ask relatives for feedback on progress and enables relatives to ask for an appointment 24 25 with the consultant. 26 27 Administration of medicines 28 CHI observed two medicine rounds, both of which were conducted in an appropriate way with two members of staff 29 30 jointly identifying the patient, checking the prescription sheet with one member of staff handing out the medicines and 31 the other overseeing the patients as medicines were taken. 32 33 Medicines were safely stored on the wards in locked 34 cupboards. 35 36 Findings 37- Relatives speaking to CHI had some serious concerns about the care their relatives received on Deadalus and Dryad 38 39 wards between 1998 and 2001. The instances of concern 40 expressed to CHI were at their peak in 1998. Fewer concerns 41 were expressed regarding the quality of care received on 42 Sultan ward.

1-

2 Table to show the wards and dates of which less positive 3 concerns about care were raised by stakeholders to CHI

4

	Dryad	Daedalus	Sultan	Other	TOTAL
1998		8		2	10
1999	1	5			6
2000		3	3	1	7
2001		1		1	2
General				2	2
TOTAL	1	17	3	6	27

5

6 Based on CHI's observation work and review of recent case 7 notes, CHI has no significant concerns regarding the standard of nursing care provided to the patients of 8 9 Deadalus, Dryad and Sultan ward.

10

29

11 The ward environments and patient surroundings are 12 qood. 13

14 Some notable steps had been taken, on Daedalus ward to -15 facilitate communication between patients and their 16 relatives with ward staff. 17

18 CHI was concerned regarding one aera of potential risk surrounding any inability of ward staff to undertake 19 20 swallowing assessments as required to be an area of 21 potential risk to patients whose swallowing reflex may have 22 been affected by a stroke, for example. 23

24 Opportunities for patients to engage in daytime activities 25 in order to encourage orientation and promote confidence are 26 limited. 27

28 Recommendations

30 That all patient complaints and comments both informal and formal, should be used at ward level to improve 31 32 patient care. The PCT must ensure a mechanism is 33 inplace to ensure that shared learning is disseminated amongst all staff caring for older people. 34

35 That, as a priority, a performance management system is 36 established by the PCT to ensure the early 37 identification of any trends in all patient complaints. 38 The performance management system should include 39 measurements of quality and standards of care.

40 Steps should be taken to ensure that relevant staff are 41 appropriately trained to undertake swallowing

1 2		assessments, to ensure that there are no delays out of hours.
3	-	Daytime activities for patients should be increased.
4		The role of the activities coordinator should be
5		revised and clarified, with input from patients,
6		relatives and all therapists in order that activities
7		compliment therapy goals.
8		
9	-	The PCT must ensure that all local continence
10		management and nutrition and hydration practices are in
11		line with the national standards set out in the Essence
12		of Care guidelines.

Commission for Health Improvement

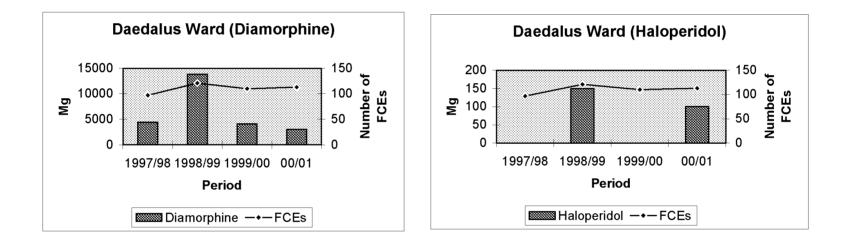
1 5 Chapter Arrangements for the prescription, 2 administration, review and recording of medicines 3 4 Police Inquiry and Expert Witness Reports 5 CHIs terms of reference for its investigation in part 6 reflected those of the earlier inquiry by the police, whose 7 reports were made available to the CHI team. 8 9 Though the police expert witnesses reviewed the care of five individual patients who died in 1998, general comments were 10 11 also made in the reports about the clinical leadership and 12 arrangements for the management of patients on the wards. Their examination of the use of medicines in Daedalus, Dryad 13 14 and Sultan wards, caused them to express concern about three 15 drugs, the amounts which had been prescribed, the combinations in which they were used and the method of their 16 17 delivery. A summary of those comments is as follows: 18 19 • The inappropriate prescription and dose escalation of 20 strong opiate analgesia as the initial response to 21 pain. It was the view of the police expert witnesses 22 that a more reasonable response would be to prescribe a 23 mild to moderate medicine initially with appropriate 24 review of any pain followed up. 25 • The inappropriate subcutaneous combined administration 26 of diamorphine, midazolam and haloperidol, which could 27 carry a risk of excessive sedation and respiratory 28 depression in older patients, leading to death. 29 • An assumption by clinical staff that patients had been 30 admitted for palliative, rather than rehabilitative 31 care. • There was a failure to recognise potential adverse 32 33 effects of prescribed medicines by clinical staff. 34 • The failure of clinical managers to routinely monitor 35 and supervise care on the ward. 36 37 Medicine useage 38 In order to determine the levels of prescribing at the trust 39 between 1998 and 2001, CHI requested a breakdown from the 40 trust of usage of diamorphine, haloperidol and midazolam for 41 Daedalus, Dryad and Sultan wards. Data was also requested on the method of drug delivery. Some of the medicines used 42 43 in the care of older people can be delivered by a syringe 44 driver which delivers a continuous subcutaneous infusion (under the skin). This information has been plotted against 45 46 the total number of admissions for the relevant year. The 47 data relates only to medicines issued from the pharmacy and 48 does not include any wastage, nor can it prove the amounts

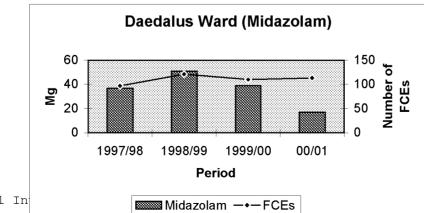
	Commission for Health Improvement	Factual Accuracy Draft		
		26/08/15		
1 2 3	of medicines actually administered. A medicines for each ward is attached a			
4 5	The usage of three particular medic: were highlighted by the experts comm			
6 7	as of concern.			
8 9	Please see next page for graphs			

Factual Accuracy Draft 26/08/15

Graphs to show the usage of medicine 1997/98-2000/01according to the number of FCE per ward.

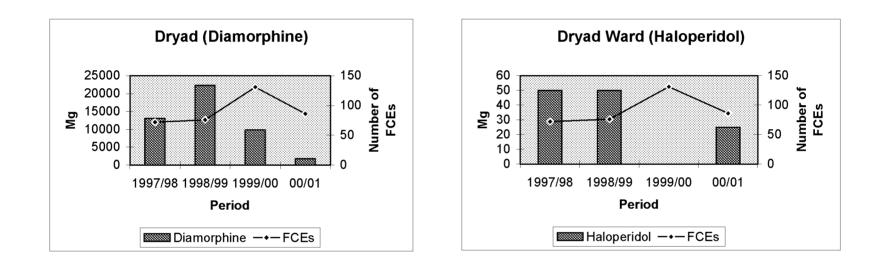
Graph 1. Daedalus

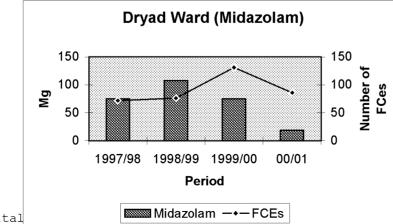




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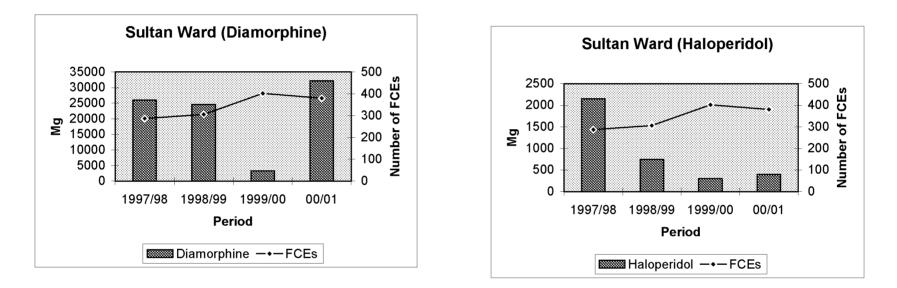
Graph 2 - Dryad

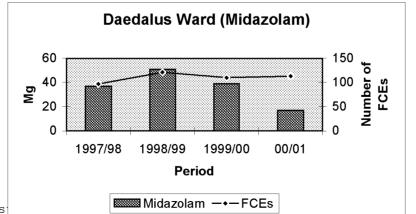




Factual Accuracy Draft 26/08/15

Graph 3. Sultan





Gosport War Memorial Hospital Inves

1 Assessment and management of pain

2 The Trust's policy for the assessment and management of pain 3 introduced in April 2001 in collaboration was with Portsmouth Hospitals NHS Trust and is due for review in 4 5 2003. The stated purpose of the document was to identify 6 mechanisms to ensure that all patients have early and effective management of pain or distress. The policy places 7 8 responsibility for ensuring that pain management standards 9 are implemented in every clinical setting and sets out the 10 following:

- 11
- 12

- The prescription must be written by medical staff 13 following diagnosis of type(s) of pain and be appropriate 14 given the current circumstances of the patient.

- 15 - If the prescription states that medication is to be 16 administered by continuous infusion (syringe driver) the 17 rationale for this decision must be clearly documented.
- All prescriptions for drugs administered via a syringe 18 19 driver must be written on a prescription sheet designed 20 for this purpose.
- 21

22 CHI has also seen evidence of a pain management cycle chart 23 and an "analgesic ladder". The "analgesic ladder" indicates 24 the drug doses for different levels and types of pain, how 25 to calculate opiate doses and advice on how to evaluate the 26 effects of analgesia and how to observe for any side 27 Nurses interviewed by CHI demonstrated a good effects. 28 understanding of pain assessment tools and the progression 29 up the analgesic ladder. 30

31 At the same time, CHI was also told by some nursing staff 32 that following the introduction of the policy, it was now 33 taking longer for some patients to become pain free and that 34 there was a timidity amongst medical staff about prescribing 35 diamorphine. Nurses also spoke of a reluctance of some patients to take pain relief. CHIs case note review 36 37 concluded that two of the fifteen patients reviewed were not 38 prescribed adequate pain relief for part of their stay in 39 hospital.

40

Many staff interviewed referred to the "Wessex" palliative 41 care guidelines (explained in paragraph??) which are in 42 43 general use on the wards. Though the section on pain 44 focuses on patients with cancer, there is a clear 45 highlighted statement on the opening page of the guidelines 46 which states that "All pains have a significant 47 psychological component, and fear, anxiety and depression 48 will all lower the pain threshold".

49

1 The guidelines are comprehensive and include detail, in line 2 with British National Formulary recommendations, (need to 3 check) on the use, dosage, and side effects of drugs 4 commonly used in a palliative care environment. 5 6 CHIs random case note review of fifteen recent admissions concluded that the pain assistance and management policy was 7 being adhered to. CHI was told by staff of the previous 8 9 practice of anticipatory prescribing of palliative opiates. 10 As a result of the pain and assessment policy, this practice 11 has now stopped. CHI understands that one of the people who 12 initiated this change of practice was the staff grade physician appointed in September 2000, who had expressed 13 14 concern over the range of anticipatory doses prescribed on 15 the wards, based on knowledge gained elsewhere. 16 17 Prescription writing policy 18 This policy was produced jointly with the Portsmouth Hospitals NHS Trust in March 1998. The policy covers the 19 scope, responsibilities, 20 purpose, requirements for 21 prescription writing, medicines administered at nurses' 22 discretion and controlled drugs. A separate policy covers 23 the administration of IV medicines. 24 25 The policy also covers a section on verbal orders. Telephone orders for single doses of medicines can be 26 27 accepted over the telephone by a registered nurse if the doctor is unable to attend the ward. According to UKCC 28 guidelines (October 2000), this is only acceptable where 29 30 the, "the medication has been previously prescribed and the 31 prescriber is unable to issue a new prescription. Where changes to the dose are considered necessary, the use of 32 33 information technology (such as fax or e-mail) is the 34 preferred method. The UKCC suggests a maximum of 24 hours, 35 in which a new prescription confirming the changes should be provided. In any event, the changes must have 36 been 37 authorised before the new dosage is administered. "CHI understands that arrangements such as these are common 38 39 practice in GP led wards and work well on the Sultan ward, 40 with arrangements in place for GPs to sign the prescription within 12 hours. These arrangements were also confirmed by 41 42 evidence found in CHIs case note review.

43

## Administration of medication 44

45 Medication can be administered in a number of ways, for 46 example, orally in tablet or liquid form, by injection and 47 under the skin via a syringe driver. Guidance for staff on 48 prescribing via syringe drivers is contained within the 49 Trust's policy for assessment and management of pain and

1 states that all prescriptions for continuous infusion must 2 be written on a prescription sheet designed for this 3 purpose. 4 5 from CHIs case note review demonstrated Evidence aooq 6 documented examples of communication with both patients and 7 relatives over medication and the use of syringe drivers. 8 9 Role of nurses in medicines administration 10 Registered nurses are regulated by the General Nursing Council, (GNC) a new statutory body which replaced the UKCC 11 12 I April 2002. Registered nurses must work within their Code of Professional Conduct (UKCC June 1992), the Scope of 13 14 Professional Practice (UKCC June 1992) clarified the way in 15 which registered nurses are personally accountable for their own clinical practice and for care they provide to patients. 16 17 The Standards for the Administration of Medicines ( UKCC 18 October 1992) details what is expected of nurses carrying 19 out this important function, each nurse should have a copy 20 of the standards. 21 22 Underpinning all of the regulations which govern nursing 23 practice, is the requirement that nurses act in the best 24 interest of their patients at all times. This could include 25 challenging the prescribing of other clinical staff. 26 27 Information provided by the Trust indicates that only two qualified nurses from Sultan ward had taken part in a 28 29 syringe driver course in 1999. Five nurses had also 30 completed a drugs competencies course. No qualified nurses 31 from either Dryad or Deadalus ward had taken part in either 32 course between 1998 and 2001. Some nursing and healthcare 33 support staff spoke of receiving syringe driver information and training from a local hospice. 34 35 36 Review of medication 37 The regular ward rounds and multi-disciplinary meetings should include a review of medication by senior staff which 38 39 is recorded in the patient's case notes. CHI recognises 40 that the multi-disciplinary meeting is complex as the consultant has to process information from a variety of 41 staff, engage in a dialogue to set and review goals and 42 43 record the essence of this discussion in the case notes. The additional task of concurrently reading and amending the 44 45 prescription chart, listening to the observations of staff 46 about symptom and pain control and recording any medication 47 changes makes the process yet more complex. Despite this, a 48 process should be found to ensure that effective and regular 49 reviews of patient medication take place

1

2 In November 1999, a PHCT review of the use of neuroleptic 3 which includes tranquillisers medicines, such as haloperidol, within all trust elderly care continuing care 4 5 wards concluded that neuroleptic medicines were not being 6 over prescribed. The same review revealed that "the weekly medical review of medication was not necessarily recorded in 7 the medical notes". The findings of this audit and the 8 9 accompanying action plan, which included guidance on completing the prescription chart correctly, was circulated 10 11 to all staff on Daedalus and Dryad wards, including part-12 time staff and the clinical assistant. A copy was not sent to Sultan ward. There was a re-audit in January 2000, when 13 14 it was concluded that ??? (trust asked for copy)

- 15
- 16 Structure of pharmacy

17 The PHCT have a service level agreement with the local acute 18 trust, Portsmouth Hospitals NHS Trust, for pharmacy 19 services. The contract is managed locally by a grade E 20 pharmacist and the service provided by a second pharmacist 21 who is the lead for older peoples services. Pharmacists speaking to CHI spoke of a remote relationship between the 22 23 community hospitals and the main pharmacy department at 24 Queen Alexandra Hospital, together with an increasing Pharmacy staff were confident the pharmacist 25 workload. would challenge large doses written up by junior doctors but 26 27 stressed the need for a computerised system which would allow clinician specific records. There are some recent 28 29 plans to use the trust intranet to provide a "Compendium of 30 Drug therapy Guidelines, though CHI was told that the 31 intranet was not generally available. 32

33 Pharmacy training to other non-pharmacy staff was regarded 34 as "totally inadequate" and not taken seriously. There was 35 no awareness of any training offered to clinical assistants 36

37 CHI was not aware of any trust systems which could have alerted the PHCT to any ususual or excessive patterns of 38 prescribing, through the data to do this would have been 39 40 available and was provided to CHI

1 2 3	Find	ings
4 5 6 7 8 9		CHI has serious concerns regarding the quantity, combination and lack of review of medicines prescribed to older people on Dryad and Deadalus wards in 1997/98. This is based on the findings of police expert witnesses and pharmacy data provided for the wards. <i>Commentary on 1997/98 - 2000/01 Pharmacy Data</i> <i>Daedalus</i>
10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20		The data provided by PHCT illustrates an increase in the amount of diamorphine, haloperidol and midazolam used on Daedalus ward in 1998, the quantity of diamorphine used is most significant. The useage of all three drugs in recent years illustrates a decline, this was reinforced by trust staff interviewed by CHI and by CHIs own review of recent case notes. This should be seen against a slight rise in patient numbers.
20 21 22 23 24 25		Dryad Usage of the three drugs on Dryad ward also demonstrate a decline, though this is against a decline in finished consultant episodes.
26 27 28 29 30 31		Sultan Sultan ward has also experienced a rise in patient numbers, together with an increase in the use of diamorphine, haloperidol and midazolam. There has been a recent large increase in diamorphine used on the ward.
32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39		The following graphs detail the decline in usage in specific medicines between 1998 and 2001. Nursing staff interviewed confirmed the decreased use of both diamorphine and the use of syringe drivers since 1998. CHI review of recent case notes confirmed that prescribing levels of diamorphine, midazolam and haloperiodol had reduced substantially.
40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48	-	CHI welcomes the introduction and adherence to policies regarding the prescription, administration, review and recording of medicines. Though the palliative care "Wessex" guidelines refer to non-physical symptoms of pain, the polices however do not include methods of non-verbal pain assessment and rely on the patient articulating when they are in pain.

Commission	for Health	Improvement	Factual	Accuracy Draft
-				

1	-	CHI found little evidence from the expert witness		
2		reports commissioned by the police to suggest that		
3		thorough whole patient assessments were being made by		
4		multidisciplinary teams in 1998.		
5				
6	-	Pharmacy support to the wards in 1998 was inadequate.		
7		CHI remains unconvinced that there are adequate systems		
8		in place to review and monitor prescribing at ward		
9		level.		

$\frac{1}{2}$	
$\frac{2}{3}$	Recommendations
5	- The PCT should review the provision of pharmacy
6 7	services to Dryad, Deadalus and Sultan wards, taking into account the change in casemix and useage of these
8	wards in recent years. Consideration should be given
9	to including pharmacy input into regular ward rounds.
10	- The PCT must review the introduction of IT in
11	maintaining records of prescribing.
12	- The PCT, in conjunction with the Pharmacy department,
13	must ensure that all relevant staff are trained in the
14	prescription, administration, review and recording of
15	medicines
16	

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1
2
    Chapter 6 - Staffing Arrangements and Responsiblity for
3
    Patient Care
4
5
    Responsibility for Patient Care
    Patient care at the Gosport War Memorial for the period of
6
7
    the CHI investigation was provided by a consultant led team
    on Daedlus and Dryad wards. The complex needs of this
8
9
    vulnerable group of patients are best met by a multi-
    disciplinary, multi-professional team of
10
                                                appropriately
11
    trained staff. This ensures that the total needs of the
12
    patient are joined together in a care plan, discussed with
    the patient and their relatives and carers, which reflects
13
14
    the individual needs of each patient and is understood by
15
    every member of the team. Solid care planning such as this
    would ensure that all care decisions, such as prescribing,
16
17
    were jointly owned by all members of the team, including the
18
    lead consultant.
19
20
    Medical Responsibility
21
    For the period covered by the CHI investigation and
    currently, medical responsibility for the care of older
22
23
    people in Daedalus and Dryad wards lay with the named
24
    consultant of each patient. All patients on both wards are
    admitted under the care of a consultant. Since 1999, there
25
    has been a lead consultant for Elderly Medicine who holds a
26
27
    two session (one session equates to half a day per week)
    contract for undertaking lead consultant responsibilities.
28
29
    These responsibilities include overall management of the
30
    department and the development of departmental objectives.
31
    The lead clinician is not responsible for the clinical
    practice of individual doctors. The post holder does not
32
    undertake any sessions on the War Memorial site. The job
33
34
    description for the post, outlines twelve functions and
    states that the post is a major challenge for "a very part
35
36
    time role".
37
38
    In addition, since 2000 (check with trust) two elderly
39
    medicine consultants provide 10 sessions in total of
40
    consultant cover on Dryad and Daedalus wards.
                                                       Since
41
    September 2000, day to day medical support is provided by a
    staff grade physician who is supervised by both consultants.
42
43
    Before this, additional medical support was provided by a
    Clinical Assistant until July 2000. Both consultants
44
45
    undertake a weekly ward round with the staff grade doctor.
46
    In 1998, there had been a fortnightly ward round on Daedalus
47
    ward, CHI heard that ward rounds were less frequent than
48
    this on Dryad ward.
```

49

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15	CHI considers that the staff grade p potentially isolated post, due to the Memorial Hospital from the hub of the de medicine based at Queen Alexandra difficulty in attending departmental r recognised this as an issue in 2001 in outlines action taken following complain incidents " A decision was taken not consultant to cover the wards becaus professional isolation and support in Go	distance of the War epartment of elderly Hospital and the meetings. The trust the document which ts and patient based to employ a locum se of the risk of
16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40	Elderly Medicine Dryad Until July 2000 Clinical Assistant with 5 Sessions Since July 2000 fulltime staff grade doctor Out of hours 5pm-11pm-Local GP Practice 11pm-7am Healthcall	n-11pm-Local ctice 7am- Healthcall

Commission for Health Improvement Factual Accuracy Draft

42 three capacities during the period under investigation; as 43 clinical assistants, as the clinicians admitting and caring 44 for patients on the GP (Sultan) ward and as providers of out 45 of hours medical support on each of the three wards. 46

47 Clinical Assistant Role

48 Clinical assistants are GPs who are employed and paid by 49 trusts to provide, largely part time, medical support on

1 hospital wards. Clinical assistants have been a feature of 2 community hospitals within the NHS for a number of years. 3 PHCT employed a number of such GPs in this capacity in each of their community hospitals. Clinical assistants work as 4 part of a consultant led team have the same responsibilities 5 6 as hospital doctors to prescribe medication, write in the medical record and complete death certificates. 7 Clinical assistants should be accountable to a named consultant. 8 9

10 Between 1994 until the resignation of the post holder in July 2000, a clinical assistant was employed for five 11 12 sessions at the Gosport War Memorial Hospital. The fees for 13 this post were in line with national rates. The job 14 description clearly states that the clinical assistant is 15 accountable to "named consultant physicians in geriatric medicine". Cover for annual leave and any sickness absence 16 17 was the responsibility of the post holder to arrange with 18 practice partners, with whom the trust did not have a 19 contract for this purpose. The job description does state that the post is subject to the Terms and Conditions of 20 21 Hospital Medical and Dental Staff, if identified, poor 22 performance could have been investigated through the trust's 23 disciplinary processes. Any concerns over the performance of 24 any clinical assistant could have been pursued through the 25 Trust disciplinary proceedings. CHI could find no evidence 26 to suggest that this option was explored.

27

28 CHI is not aware of any trust systems in place to monitor or 29 appraise the performance of the clinical assistant, this 30 lack of monitoring is still common practice within the NHS. 31 CHI could find no evidence of any system put in place by 32 consultants admitting patients to Dryad and Daedalus wards, 33 to whom the clinical assistant was accountable, to supervise 34 the practice of the clinical assistant. This includes any 35 review of prescribing. CHI could also find no evidence of 36 lines of communication regarding any formal policy development, guidelines and workload. Staff 37 interviewed commented on the long working hours 38 of the clinical 39 assistant, in excess of the five contracted sessions.

- 40
- 41 Sultan Ward

42 Medical responsibility for patients on Sultan ward lies with 43 the admitting GP. The trust issued admitting GPs with a contract for working on trust premises, which clearly states 44 45 "you will take full clinical responsibility for the patients 46 under your care". CHI was told that GPs visit their patients 47 regularly and when requested by nursing staff. This is a 48 common arrangement in community hospitals throughout the

1 NHS. GPs have no medical accountablity framework within the 2 trust. 3 4 GPs managing their own patients on Sultan ward could be subject to the Health Authority's voluntary process for 5 6 dealing with doctors whose performance is giving cause for 7 concern. However, this procedure can only be used in regard to their work as a GP, and not any contracted work performed 8 9 in the trust as a clinical assistant. Again, this arrangement is common throughout the NHS. 10 11 12 Out of Hours Cover Provided by GPs 13 Between the hours of 9.00am and 5.00pm on weekdays, hospital 14 doctors employed by the trust manage the care of all 15 patients on Dryad and Deadalus wards. Out of hours medical cover, including weekends and bank holidays is provided by a 16 17 local GP practice from 5.00pm to 11.00pm after which nursing 18 staff call on either the patients' practice or Healthcall, a 19 local deputising service for medical input between 11.00pm 20 and 7.00am. (check 7am-9am gap with trust) Some staff 21 interviewed by CHI on all wards expressed concern regarding long waits for the Healthcall service. It was suggested that 22 23 waiting times for Healthcall to attend to a patient could 24 sometimes take between 3-5 hours. However, evidence provided by Healthcall contradicts this. There is no trust 25 system to report long waits. The Healthcall contract is 26 27 managed by a local practice. (check contract) 28 29 Nurses expressed concern over Healthcall GPs reluctance to "interfere" with admitting GPs prescribing on Sultan and 30 31 Dryad wards. 32 In an urgent situation, out of hours, staff on all wards 33 call 999 for assistance. 34 35 36 Appraisal of Hospital Medical Staff 37 Since, April 2000, all NHS employers have been contractually 38 required to carry out annual appraisals, covering both 39 clinical and non-clinical aspects of their jobs. 40 All doctors interviewed by CHI, including the medical 41 director who works 5 sessions in the department of elderly Those appraising the 42 medicine, have regular appraisals. 43 work of other doctors have been trained to do so. 44 45 Nursing Responsibility All qualified nurses are personally and legally accountable 46 their own clinical practice. 47 Their managers for are 48 responsible for implementing systems and environments which 49 promote high nursing quality care.

2 Ward nurses on each ward are managed by a G grade clinical 3 manager, who reports to a senior, H grade nurse. This nurse covers the three wards caring for older people, and was 4 managed by the general manager for the Fareham and Gosport 5 6 division. The general manager reported to both the director 7 of nursing and the operations director. An accountability 8 structure such as this is not unusual in a community 9 hospital. The director of nursing was ultimately 10 accountable for the standard of nursing practice within the 11 hospital.

12

1

#### 13 Nursing supervision

14 Clinical supervision for nurses was recommended by the UKCC 15 in 1996, and again in the national nursing strategy, Making a Difference, in 1999. It is a system through which 16 17 qualified nurses can maintain life-long development and 18 enhancement of their professional skills through reflection, 19 exploration of practice and identification of issues that need to be addressed. There are a range of models, but in 20 21 the main, three are used: clinical supervision with an 22 expert; one to one supervision and group supervision. Clinical supervision is not a managerial activity, but 23 24 provides an opportunity to reflect and improve on practice 25 in a non-judgemental environment. Clinical Supervision is a 26 key factor in professional self-regulation.

27

28 The Trust has been working to adopt a model of clinical 29 supervision for nurses for a number of years and received 30 initial assistance from the Royal College of Nurses to develop the processes. The Trust focus had been on 31 reflective practice, the overall aim being to ensure that 32 33 staff had access to good systems of clinical support to 34 enhance their practice. As part of the Trust's Clinical 35 Nursing Development Programme which ran between January 1999 36 and December 2000, nurses were identified to lead the 37 development of clinical supervision. 38

1 Many of the nurses interviewed valued the principles of reflective practice as a way in which to improve their own 2 3 skills and care of patients. The H grade senior nurse coordinator post appointed in November 2000 was a specific 4 5 trust response to an acknowledged lack of nursing leadership 6 at the Gosport War Memorial Hospital. 7 8 Regular ward meetings are held on Sultan and Daedalus wards, 9 with less clear arrangements on Dryad ward, which may be due 10 to long term senior ward staff sickness. 11 12 Team working 13 older people involves input Caring for from many 14 professionals who must coordinate their work around the 15 needs of the patient. Good teamwork provides the cornerstone of high quality care for those with complex 16 Staff interviewed by CHI spoke of teamwork, though 17 needs. 18 in several instances this was uniprofessional, for example a 19 CHI observed a multi disciplinary team nursing team. 20 meeting on Deadalus ward which was attended by a consultant, 21 a senior ward nurse, a physiotherapist, an occupational 22 therapist. No junior staff were present. Access to social 23 work input was described by hospital staff as good, though 24 not always available. 25 26 Arrangements for multi-disciplinary team meetings on Dryad 27 and Sultan wards are less well established. Occupational 28 therapy staff reported some progress towards multi-29 disciplinary goal setting for patients though were hopeful 30 of more progress. 31 32 Allied Health Professional Structures 33 Allied Health Professionals (AHP's) are a group of staff 34 which include occupational therapists, dieticians, speech 35 and language therapists and physiotherapists. The occupational therapy structure is in transition from a 36 37 traditional site based service to staff providing defined clinical specialty (e.g. stroke rehabilitation) in the 38 39 All referrals are received centrally. locality. Staff 40 explained that this system enables the use of specialist clinical skills and ensures continuity of care of patients, 41 42 as one occupational therapist follows the patient throughout 43 hospital admission(s) and at home. Occupational therapists 44 talking to CHI described a good supervision structure, with 45 supervision contracts and performance development plans in 46 place. 47 48 Physiotherapy

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Physioth	nerap	by ser	vices	are	based	with	nin t	che	hosp	pital.	г	The
physioth	nerap	by te	am se	ees	patien	ıts	from	ac	dmis	sion	ri	ght
through	to	home	treat	ment	. Ph	ysio	thera	apis	ts	illus	tra	ted

ts illustrated 4 good levels of training and supervision and involvement in 5 multi-disciplinary team meetings on Daedalus ward.

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7 Speech and Language Therapists

8 Speech and language therapists also reported participation 9 in multi-disciplinary team meetings on Daedalus ward. Examples were given to CHI of well developed in service 10 11 training opportunities and professional development such as 12 discussion groups and clinical observation groups.

- 13
- 14 Dietetics

15 The staffing structure consist of one full time dietician based at St James Hospital. Each ward has a nurse with lead 16 17 nutrition responsibilities to offer advice to colleagues on 18 request.

19

25

20 Workforce and service planning

21 In preparation for the change of use of beds in Dryad and 22 Daedalus wards in November 2000, from continuing care to 23 intermediate care, the Trust undertook an undated resource 24 requirement analysis and identified three risk issues;

26 (i) consultant cover

- 27 medical risk with change in client group and the (ii) 28 likelihood of more patients requiring specialist 29 intervention. The trust believed that the introduction 30 automated defibrillators would go some way of to 31 resolve this. The paper also spoke of "the need for clear protocols....within which medical cover can be 32 33 obtained out of hours".
- 34 the trust identified a course for qualified (iii) nursing staff, ALERT, a technique for quickly assessing 35 36 any changes in a patients condition in order to provide 37 an early warning of any deterioration.

38

39 Despite this preparation, several members of staff expressed 40 concern to CHI regarding the complex needs of many patients 41 cared for at the Gosport War Memorial Hospital and spoke of 42 a system under pressure due to nurse shortages and high 43 sickness levels. Concerns were raised formally with the trust in early 2000 around the increased workload and 44 45 complexity of patients, which were acknowledged by the 46 Medical Director, though CHI found no evidence of а 47 systematic attempt to review or seek solutions to the 48 evolving casemix.

2 Access to specialist advice

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15

25

3 Older patients are admitted to Gosport War Memorial Hospital with a wide variety of physical and mental health conditions 4 5 such as strokes, cancers and dementia. Staff demonstrated to 6 CHI good examples of systems in place to access expert 7 There are supportive links with opinion and support. 8 palliative care consultants, consultant psychiatrists and 9 oncologists. The lead consultant for elderly mental health reported close links with the three wards, with patients 10 11 either given support on the ward or transfer to an elderly 12 mental health bed. There are plans for a nursing rotation programme between the elderly medicine and elderly mental 13 14 health wards.

- A joint palliative care booklet, published jointly in 1998 16 17 with PHCT, the Portsmouth Hospitals NHS Trust and a local 18 hospice which staff are aware of and use. The booklet 19 includes a number of guidelines on clinical management, 20 including symptom management, psychological and spiritual care and bereavement. Staff spoke of strong links with the 21 22 Rowans hospice and MacMillian nurses. Nurses gave recent 23 examples of joint training with the hospice in the use of 24 syringe drivers.
- 26 CHIs audit of recent case notes indicated that robust 27 systems are in place for both specialist medical advice and 28 therapeutic support. 29
- 30 Staff welfare

31 The trust developed, since its creation in 1994, an approach of being a caring employer, demonstrated by support for 32 further education, flexible working hours and a ground 33 34 breaking domestic violence policy which has won national 35 recognition. The hospital was awarded Investors in People 36 status in 1998. Both trust management and staff side 37 representatives talking to CHI spoke of a constructive and 38 supportive relationship.

39

40 However, many staff, at all levels in the organisation spoke 41 of the stress and low morale caused by the series of police 42 investigations and the referrals to the GMC, UKCC and the 43 CHI Investigation. Trust managers told CHI of their encouragement of staff to use the trust's counselling 44 45 service and of organised support sessions for staff. Not 46 all staff speaking to CHI considered that they had been supported by the trust, particularly those working at a 47 48 junior level, "I don't feel I've had the support I should

1 2	have same'	had before and during the investigation-others feel the
3		
4	Find.	-
5	-	There are clear accountability and supervisory
6 7		arrangements in place for trust doctors, nurses and AHP
8		staff. Currently, there is effective nursing leadership on Daedalus and Sultan wards, this is less
9		evident on Dryad ward. CHI was concerned regarding the
10		potential for professional isolation of the staff grade
11		doctor.
12		
13	-	Systems are now in place to ensure that appropriate
14		specialist medical and therapeutic advice is available
15		for patients. Some good progress has been made towards
16		multi-disciplinary team working which should be
17 18		developed.
18		The PCHT did not have any systems in place to monitor
20		and appraise the performance of clinical assistants.
21		The clinical assistant working on Daedalus and Dryad
22		wards was allowed to practice without adequate
23		supervision arrangements. It was not made clear to CHI
24		how GPs working as clinical assistants and admitting
25		patients to Sultan wards are included in the
26 27		development of trust procedures and clinical governance
27		arrangements.
20 29		There was a planned approach to the service development
30		which brought about the change of use of beds in 2000.
31		The increasing dependency of patients and resulting
32		pressure on the service, whilst recognised by the
33		trust, was neither monitored nor reviewed as the
34		service developed.
35		
36 37	-	The PHCT should be congratulated for its progress
38		towards a culture of reflective nursing practice.
39	_	The trust had a strong staff focus, with some notable
40		examples of good practice. Despite this, CHI found
41		evidence to suggest that not all staff were adequately
42		supported during the police and other recent
43		investigations.
44		
45	-	Out of hours medical cover for the three wards out of
46		hours is inadequate and does not reflect current levels
47 48		of patient dependency.
48		

Recommendations

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2	-	National guidelines for employing trusts and for GPs
3		working as clinical assistants and those admitting
4		patients to for GPs working on GP led wards should be
5		developed by the Royal College of general
6		Practitioners.
7		

8 - The provision of out of hours medical cover should be 9 reviewed. Should a contact be agreed with a deputising 10 service, advice must be taken from the British Medical 11 Association and PCT staff to ensure a shared philosophy 12 of care, adequate payment, waiting time standards and a 13 disciplinary framework are included in the contract.

- 15 - The new PCT responsible for the provision of care of 16 older people should continue to work with colleagues to ensure that appropriate patients are being admitted to 17 the Gosport War Memorial Hospital with appropriate 18 19 levels of support.
- 21 - The PCT should ensure that recent arrangements to 22 ensure strong, long term, nursing leadership on Dryad 23 ward continue.

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2 Chapter 7 - Lessons Learnt from Complaints 3 4 CHI to check with HSC if they are looking at Mrs D (daughter 5 *Mrs R* - *before publication*) 6 A total of 129 complaints were made regarding the division of elderly medicine since 1.4.97. These complaints include 7 care provided in other community hospitals as well as that 8 9 received on the acute wards of St Mary's and Queen Alexandra Hospitals. In addition, CHI was told that over four hundred 10 11 letters of thanks had been received by the three wards at 12 the Gosport War Memorial Hospital during the same period. 13 14 Ten complaints were made surrounding the care and treatment 15 of patients on Dryad, Daedalus and Sultan wards between 1998 and 2002. A number raised concerns regarding the use of 16 17 medicines, especially the levels of sedation administered 18 prior to death, the use of syringe drivers and communication 19 with relatives. One recent complaint concerned admission arrangements in Sultan ward. Three complaints in the last 20 21 five months of 1998 expressed concern regarding levels of 22 The clinical care, including a review of sedation. prescription charts, of two of these three patients was 23 24 considered by the police expert witnesses. (findings 25 summarised on page ??) 26 27 External review of complaints 28 29 One complaint was referred to the Health Services 30 Commissioner (Ombudsman) in May 2000. The medical advisor 31 found that the choice of pain relieving drugs was 32 appropriate in terms of medicines, doses and administration. 33 A complaint in January 2000 was referred to an Independent 34 Review Panel (IRP), which found that drug doses, though 35 high, were appropriate, as was the clinical management of 36 the patient. Though the external assessment of these two 37 complaints revealed no serious clinical concerns, both the Health Services Commissioner and the review panel commented 38 39 on the need for the trust to improve its communication with 40 relatives towards the end of a patient's life. 41 42 The trust's Medical Director told CHI that following receipt 43 Complaint 1, he confirmed with a colleague in a of 44 neighbouring trust that prescribing parameters at the War 45 Memorial Hospital were within an acceptable range. 46 47 Complaint Handling 48 The trust has a policy for handling patient related 49 complaints produced in 1997, based on national guidance Gosport War Memorial Hospital Investigation

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1 "Complaints: Guidance on the Implementation of the NHS Complaints Procedure" published in 1996. (evidence of a 2 review?) A leaflet for patients detailing the various stages 3 of the complaints procedure was produced, this includes the 4 5 right to request an Independent Review if matters are not 6 resolved to their satisfaction together with the address of the Health Service Commissioner. This leaflet was not 7 8 freely available on the wards.

10 Both the trust and the local CHC described a good working 11 relationship. The CHC however regretted that their 12 resources had, since November 2000, prevented them from 13 offering the level of advice and active support to trust 14 complainants they would have wished.

16 CHI found that letters to complainants in response to their 17 complaints did not always include an explanation of the IRP 18 process, though this is outlined in the leaflet mentioned 19 above, which is sent to complainants earlier in the process. 20 Audit standards for complaints handling are good with at least 80% of complainants satisfied with complaint handling 21 22 100% complainants resolved within and of national performance targets. (CHI check date) All written complaints 23 24 were responded to by the Chief Executive. Staff interviewed 25 by CHI valued the Chief Executive's personal involvement in 26 complaint resolution and correspondence. Letters to patients 27 and relatives sent by the trust reviewed by CHI were thorough and sensitive. The trust adopted an open response 28 29 to complaints and apologised for any shortcomings in its 30 services.

31

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15

32 Once the police became involved in the initial complaint in 33 1998, the trust ceased internal investigation processes. 34 CHI found no evidence in board agendas that the trust board 35 were formally made aware of police involvement. One senior 36 told CHI trust manager that the trust would have 37 commissioned an internal investigation without question if the police investigation had not begun. In CHI's view, 38 39 police involvement did not need to preclude an internal 40 clinical investigation. The doctor involved in the care of this patient wrote to the trust's quality manager expressing 41 concern that she discovered by chance three months later 42 43 that a complaint had been made. Neither that doctor nor portering staff involved in the transfer of the patient were 44 45 asked for statements during the initial trust investigation. 46

47 Trust Learning Regarding Prescribing

48 The trust did not connect the police investigation, the 49 review of the Health Service Commissioner, the Independent

1 Review Panel and the trust's own pharmacy data, to trigger a 2 review of prescribing practices. CHI was surprised that the 3 trust did not respond earlier and faster to concerns expressed around levels of sedation. 4 5 6 Action was however taken to develop and improve trust policies around prescribing and pain management (as detailed 7 8 in chapter??). In addition, CHI learnt that external 9 clinical advice sought by PHCT in September 1999, during the course of a complaint resolution, suggested that the 10 11 prescribing of diamorphine with dose ranges from 20mgs to 12 200mgs a day was poor practice and "could indeed lead to a serious problem". The comment was made that the patient had 13 14 been given doses ranging from 20mg to 40mg per day. 15 16 PHCT correspondence states that there was an agreed protocol 17 for the prescription of diamorphine for a syringe driver 18 with doses ranging between 20mg and 200mgs a day. CHI understands this to be the "Wessex guidelines". 19 Further correspondence in October 1999, indicated that a doctor 20 21 working on the wards asked for a trust position policy on 22 the prescribing of opiates in community hospitals. This was 23 not addressed until April 2001, when the joint PHCT and 24 Portsmouth Hospitals NHS Trust policy for the assessment and 25 management of pain was introduced. 26 27 Other Trust Lessons 28 Lessons around issues other than prescribing have been learnt by the trust, though the workshop to draw together 29 this learning was not held until early 2001 when the themes 30 31 discussed were; communication with relatives, staff attitudes and fluids and nutrition. Action taken by the 32 33 trust since the series of complaints in 1998 are as follows: 34 35 - An increase in the frequency of consultant ward rounds 36 on Daedalus ward, from fortnightly to weekly from 37 February 1999. 38 - The appointment of a staff grade doctor in September 39 2000 to increase medical cover following the 40 resignation of the clinical assistant. 41 - Piloting of pain management charts and prescribing guidance approved in May 2001. Nursing documentation 42 43 is currently under review, with nurse input. 44 - One additional consultant session in ?? following a 45 district wide initiative with local PCGs around 46 intermediate care. 47 - Nursing documentation now clearly identifies prime 48 family contacts and next-of-kin information to ensure 49 appropriate communication with relatives.

1 2 3 4 5	All conversations with families are now documented in the medical record. CHIs review of recent anonymised case notes demonstrated frequent and clear communication between relatives and clinical staff.
6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13	Comments were recorded in this workshop which were echoed by staff interviewed by CHI, such as; the difficultly in building a rapport with relatives when patients die a few days after transfer, the rising expectations of relatives, and the lack of control Gosport War Memorial staff have over information provided to patients and relatives prior to transfer.
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25	Monitoring and Trend Identification A key action identified in the 2000/01 Clinical Governance Action Plan was a strengthening of trust systems to ensure that actions following complaints have occurred. The Trust's Quality Manager played a key role in this. Until the dissplution of PHCT, actions were monitored through the divisional review process and the Clinical Governance Panel and Trust Board. A Trust database was introduced in 1999 to record and track trends in recent complaints. An investigations officer was also appointed in order to improve fact finding behind complaints. This has improved the quality of complaint responses.
26 27 28 29 30 31	The PHCT offered specific training in complaints handling, customer care and loss, death and bereavement, which many, though not all, staff interviewed by CHI were aware of and had attended.
32 33 34	The Trust had a well defined and respected line management structure through which staff are confident emerging themes from complaints would now be identified.

1 2 3	Findings
5 4 5 6 7 8 9	- PHCT did not use the issues raised through complaints made between 1998 and 2001 and an ongoing police investigation as a trigger for an internal review of prescribing within the Gosport War Memorial Hospital.
10 11 12 13 14 15 16	- PHCT did effect changes in patient care, including increased medical staffing levels and improved processes for communication with relatives, though this learning was not consolidated until 2001. CHI saw no evidence to suggest that the impact of these changes had been robustly monitored and reviewed.
17 18 19 20	- Systems are not yet in place to ensure that the impact of these changes have been robustly monitored and reviewed.
21 22 23	- That there has been some, though not comprehensive, training of all staff in handling patient complaints and communicating with patients and carers.
24 25 26	Recommendations
27 28 29 30 31 32 33	That CHI work with the Association of Chief Police Officers to develop a protocol for sharing information regarding patient safety and potential systems failures within the NHS as early as possible. CHI will also work with the Association of Chief Police Officers to develop police awareness of the NHS and its management and accountability structures.
34 35 36 37 38 39 40	That CHI work with the National Patients Safety Agency to ensure that any trends demonstrating serious concern, within individual NHS organisations, which emerge from the prescription of any medicines be referred immediately to the National Patients Safety Agency.
41 42 43 44 45 46 47	<ul> <li>That the relevant PCT ensures that the learning and monitoring of action arising from complaints undertaken through the PHCT quarterly performance management system is maintained under the new management arrangements.</li> </ul>
48 49	- That the relevant PCT, through it's appraisal and personal development planning process, ensures that all Gosport War Memorial Hospital Investigation 4

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1	staff working on these three wards, who have not
2	attended customer care and complaints training events
3	do so. Any new training programmes should be developed
4	with staff, patients and relatives to ensure that
5	current concerns and the particular needs of the
6	bereaved are addressed.
7	
8	
9	
10	
11	
12	

1 Chapter 8 - Communication 2 3 This chapter considers how the trust communicated with and established relationships with its patients and relatives, 4 5 its staff and the wider NHS. 6 7 Patients, Relatives and Carers The trust has an undated "User Involvement in Service 8 Development Framework", which sets out the principles behind 9 10 effective user involvement within the national policy 11 framework. It is unclear from the framework who was 12 responsible for taking the work forward and within what timeframe. Given the dissolution of the Trust, a decision 13 14 was taken not to establish a trust wide Patient Advocacy and 15 Liaison Service (PALS), a requirement of the NHS National Plan. However, work was started by the trust to look at a 16 17 possible future PALS structure for the PCT. 18 19 The Health Advisory Service Standards for Health and Social 20 Care Services for Older People (2000) states that "each 21 service should have a written information leaflet or guide 22 for older people who use the service. There should be good information facilities in inpatient services for older 23 24 people, their relatives and carers". CHI saw a number of 25 separate information leaflets provided for patients and 26 relatives during the site visit. 27 28 The trust uses patient surveys as part of its patient involvement framework. This was also one of the action 29 30 points arising from a complaints workshop in February 2001. 31 Surveys are given to patients on discharge, the response rate was not collected. Issues raised by patients 32 in 33 completed surveys are addressed by action plans discussed at 34 clinical managers meetings. Ward specific action plans are 35 distributed to ward staff. CHI noted, for example, that as 36 a result of patient comments regarding unacceptable ward 37 temperatures, thermometers were purchased by the ward to address the problem. CHI could find no evidence to suggest 38 39 that the findings from patient surveys are shared across the 40 trust. 41 42 Communication Towards the End of Life Staff spoke of the "Wessex" palliative care guidelines in 43 use on the wards which talks about breaking bad news and 44 communicating with the bereaved. Many clinical staff, at all 45 46 levels spoke of the difficulty in managing patient and relative expectations following discharge from the acute 47 sector. "They often painted a rosier 48 picture than 49 justified". Staff spoke of the closure of the Royal Haslar

1 acute beds leading to increased pressure at Portsmouth Hospitals NHS Trust hospital, Queen Alexandra and St Mary's 2 3 Hospitals to discharge patients too quickly to the Gosport War Memorial Hospital. Staff were aware of more medically 4 5 unstable patients being transferred in recent years. 6 7 Staff Communication 8 Most staff interviewed by CHI spoke of good internal communications, and were well informed about the transfer of 9 services to PCTs. The trust used newsletters to inform 10 11 staff of key developments. An intranet is being developed 12 by the Fareham and Gosport PCT to facilitate communication 13 with staff. 14 15 Transfer into the community CHI talked to staff from the nursing homes which most 16 17 frequently receive patients from the Gosport War Memorial 18 Hospital. Nursing home staff spoke of good, collaborative 19 relationships with ward staff. Patients admitted into local 20 nursing homes recently, were thought by staff to have been 21 well cared for at the Gosport War Memorial Hospital. No 22 concerns were raised with CHI regarding skin integrity 23 (pressure sores) and nutritional status for example. These 24 positive views were echoed by district nurses. 25 26 Findings 27 - CHI found evidence of good communication within the trust, both with staff and partner organisations in the 28 29 local health community. 30 31 - CHI found a strong theoretical commitment to patient 32 and user involvement. 33 34 Recommendations 35 - The PCTs must find ways to continue the staff 36 communication developments made by the PHCT. 37 38 - Within the framework of the new PALS, as a priority, 39 the PCT should consult with user groups, and consider 40 reviewing specialist advice from national support 41 groups, to determine the best way to improve communication with older patients and their relatives 42 43 and carers. 44

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   Chapter 9 - Clinical Governance
3
4
   Introduction
5
   Clinical governance is about making
                                            sure that health
6
   services have systems in place to provide patients with high
7
   standards of care. The Department of Health document A First
   Class Service defines clinical governance as "a framework
8
9
   through
            which NHS organisations
                                        are accountable
                                                           for
   continuously improving the quality of their services and
10
11
   safeguarding high standards of care by creating
                                                            an
12
    environment in which excellence in clinical care will
13
    flourish."
14
15
   CHI has not conducted a clinical governance review of the
   Portsmouth Healthcare NHS Trust but has looked at how trust
16
17
   clinical
             governance
                          systems support
                                            the delivery
                                                            of
18
   continuing and rehabilitative inpatient care for older
19
   people at the Gosport War Memorial Hospital. This chapter
20
   sets out the framework and structure adopted by the trust
21
   between 1998 and 2002 to deliver the clinical governance
   agenda and details those areas most relevant to the terms of
22
23
   reference for this investigation; risk management including
24
   medicines management and the systems in place to enable
25
    staff to raise concerns.
26
27
    Summary
28
   The trust reacted swiftly to the principles of clinical
    governance outlined by the Department of Health in NHS a
29
30
   First Class Service by devising an appropriate framework.
31
   In September 1998 a paper outlining how the trust planned to
   develop a system for clinical governance was shared widely
32
33
   across the trust and aimed to include as many staff as
34
   possible. Most staff interviewed by CHI were aware of the
35
                             governance and were
   principles of clinical
                                                      able
                                                            \pm 0
36
   demonstrate how it related to them in their individual
37
   roles. Understanding of some specific aspects, particularly
38
    risk management and audit was patchy.
39
40
    Clinical Governance Structures
41
   The Medical Director took lead responsibility for clinical
42
   governance and chaired the Clinical Governance Panel, a sub
43
   committee of the Trust Board. The Clinical Governance Panel
   was supported by a Clinical Governance Reference Group,
44
   whose membership included representatives from each clinical
45
46
   service, professional group, non-executive directors and the
47
   chair of the Community Health Council. Each clinical service
48
    also had its own Clinical Governance Committee.
                                                          This
49
    structure had been designed to enable each service to take
    Gosport War Memorial Hospital Investigation
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53

1 clinical governance forward into whichever PCT it found 2 itself in after April 2002. The trust used the divisional 3 review process to monitor clinical governance developments. 4 5 District Audit carried out an audit of the trust's clinical 6 governance arrangements in 1998/99. The report, dated 7 December 1999, states that the Trust had fully complied with 8 requirements to establish a framework for clinical 9 The report also referred to the Trust's governance. document "Improving Quality - steps towards a First Class 10 11 Service" which was described as "of a high standard and 12 reflected a sound understanding of clinical governance and 13 quality assurance". 14 15 Whilst commenting favourably on the framework, the District 16 Audit Review also noted the following: 17 18 The process for gathering user views should be more 19 focussed and the process strengthened. 20 21 - The clinical governance loop needed to be closed in 22 some areas to ensure that strategy, policy and 23 procedure resulted in changed/improved practice. 24 Published protocols were not always implemented by 25 staff; results of clinical audit were not alwavs 26 implemented and re-audited; lessons learnt from 27 complaints and incidents not always used to change 28 practice and that R&D did not always lead to change in 29 practice. 30 31 - More work needed to be done with clinical staff on 32 openness and the support of staff alerting senior 33 management of poor performance. 34 35 Following the review, the trust drew up a trust-wide action plan in December 1999 which focussed on widening the 36 involvement and feedback from nursing, clinical and support 37 38 staff regarding Trust protocols and procedures, and on making greater use of R&D, clinical audit, complaints, incidents and user views to lead to changes in practice. 39 40 41 Outcome of this to be inserted???? 42 43 In addition, each service has its own Clinical Governance 44 Committee led by a designated clinician, including wide 45 clinical professional representation. Baseline and 46 assessments have been carried out in each specialty and 47 responsive action plans produced. The quarterly Divisional 48 Review system was modified to include reporting on clinical 49 governance in February 2000. The Medical Director and

1 Clinical Governance Manager attended Divisional Review 2 meetings and reported key issues back to the Clinical 3 Governance Panel.

- 4
- 5 Risk management

6 A Risk Management group was established by the Trust in ?? to develop and oversee the implementation of the trust's 7 8 Risk Management strategy, to provide a forum in which risks 9 could be evaluated and prioritised and to monitor the effectiveness of actions taken to manage risks. 10 The Group 11 has links with other Trust groups such as the Clinical and 12 Service Audit Group, the Board and the Clinical Nursing Governance Committee. Originally the Finance Director had 13 14 joint responsibility for strategic risk with the Quality 15 Manager. This was changed in the 2000/03 strategy to include the Medical Director, who is the designated lead for 16 17 The Trust achieved the Clinical Negligence clinical risk. 18 Scheme for Trusts (CNST) level 1 in 1999, a decision was 19 taken by the Trust, due to pending dissolution in 2002, not to pursue the level 2 standard. 20

22 The Trust had an operational policy for "Recording and Reviewing Risk Events" introduced in 1994. New reporting 23 24 forms were introduced in April 2000 following a review of the assessment systems for clinical and non-clinical risk. 25 The same trust policy is used to report clinical, non-26 27 clinical and accidents. All events are recorded in the 28 Trust's Risk Event Database (CAREKEY). The procedure states 29 that this reporting system should also be used for near 30 misses and medication errors.

31 Nursing and support staff interviewed demonstrated a good 32 knowledge of the risk reporting system, though CHI was less 33 confident that medical staff regularly identified and 34 reported risks. CHI was told that risk forms were regularly 35 completed by wards in the event of staff shortages. This is 36 not one of the trust's Risk Event Definitions.

37

21

38 The Clinical Governance Development Plan for 2001/02 states 39 that the focus for risk management in 2000/01 was the safe 40 transfer of services to successor organisations, with the active involvement of PCTs and PCGs in the Trust's Risk 41 42 Management Group. Meetings have been held with each 43 successor organisation to agree future arrangements for such areas as; risk event reporting, health and safety, infection 44 45 control and medicines management.

- 46
- 47 Raising concerns

48 The Trust has a Whistleblowing policy dated February 2001.49 The Public Interest Disclosure Act became law in July 1999.

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1 The policy sets out the process staff should follow if they wish to raise a concern about the care or safety of a 2 3 patient in the event of other procedures having failed or being exhausted. NHS guidance requires systems to enable 4 5 concerns to be raised outside of the usual management chain. 6 The trust policy informs staff that they can use the Whistleblowing process when staff have concerns "that cannot 7 be resolved be resolved by the appropriate procedure". 8 9 10 Most staff interviewed were clear about how to raise 11 concerns within their own line management structure and were 12 largely confident of receiving support and an appropriate 13 response. There was less certainty around the existence of 14 the Trust's Whistleblowing Policy. 15 16 Clinical Audit 17 CHI heard of no demonstrable examples during interviews with 18 staff of positive changes in patient care as a result of 19 clinical audit outcomes. Despite a great deal of work on 20 revising and creating policies to support good prescribing, 21 there has been no planned audit of outcome. 22 23 Need to include outcome of trust recent prescribing audit 24 here. 25 26 Findings 27 28 - That the trust has responded proactively to the 29 clinical governance agenda and had a robust framework 30 in place with strong corporate leadership. 31 32 - That although a robust system is in place to record 33 risk events, understanding of clinical risk was not universal. The trust did have a Whistleblowing policy 34 35 in place. However, this did not make it explicitly 36 clear that staff could raise concerns outside of the usual management channels if they felt unable to raise 37 38 concerns in this way.

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2 3	Reco	mmendations
4	1.0000	
5 6 7 8	-	That the relevant PCT fully embrace the clinical governance developments made and direction set by the Trust.
9 10 11 12 13	-	That all staff groups be required to complete risk and incident reports. Training must be put in place to reinforce the need for rigorous risk management. and training put in place to reinforce.
14 15 16 17	-	That the clinical governance panel regularly identify and monitor trends revealed by risk reports and ensure appropriate action taken.
18 19 20 21 22 23 24	-	That the PCT considers a revision of the Whistleblowing policy to make it clear that concerns may be raised outside of normal management channels.

APPENDIX A

Documents reviewed by CHI and/or referred to in the report

### (A) Specific references:

Gosport War Memorial Hospital - Reference Documents - Volume I

- 1. Withholding and Withdrawing Life Prolonging Medical Treatment, Guidance for decision making, British Medical Journal 24 October 2001.
- 2. Notes of the meeting for the district-wide NSF?? For Older People steering group held on Monday 9 July 2001, Isle of Wight, Portsmouth and South East Hampshire Health Authority,
- 3. Accelerating Change Today (ACT) for America's Health, Promises to Keep, Changing the Way we Provide Care at the End of Life, October 2000.
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- 5. National Health Service Executive, Health Service Circular: Series number HSC 2001/005, 22 February 2001.
- 6. Professional Issues, Medical Treatment at the end of life, A Position Statement, Clinical Medicine Volume I No 2 March/April 2001
- 7. Promoting Independence 4, National Report, The Way to go Home: Rehabilitation and Remedial Services for Older People -Audit Commission ( undated)
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- 8. Operational policy, bank/overtime/agency, Fareham and Gosport community hospitals and elderly mental health, Portsmouth Healthcare NHS Trust, 1 May 2001.
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NEW EVIDENCE

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- 4. Portsmouth Healthcare NHS Trust, Memo 19 October 2001, Clinical Assistant Teaching Elderly Medicine, Osteoporosis & Falls - 14 November 2001.

NEW EVIDENCE

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# APPENDIX B

Views from patients and relatives/friends

## 1. Methods of obtaining views

i. The investigation sought to establish the views of people who had experience of services for older people at the Gosport War Memorial Hospital.

CHI sought to obtain views about the service through a range of methods. People were invited to;

- Meet with members of the investigation team
- Fill in a short questionnaire
- Write to the investigation team
- Contact by telephone or email
- ii. In November 2001 information was distributed about the CHI investigation at Gosport War Memorial Hospital to Stakeholders, Voluntary Organisations and Statutory Stakeholders. This information included posters advertising stakeholder events, information leaflets about the investigation, questionnaires and general CHI information leaflets. Press releases were issued in local newspapers and radio stations. The Hampshire police force were asked to forward CHI contact details to families who had previously expressed their concerns to them.

The written information was distributed to a large group of potential stakeholders. In total 36 Stakeholders and 59 Voluntary organisations will have received the above information. These people ranged from:

- Voluntary organisations- e.g. Motor Neurone Disease, Alzheimer Society, League of Friends and other community groups such as the Gosport Stroke Club and Age Concern
- Statutory stakeholder- Portsmouth and SE Hampshire Community Health Council, Isle of Wight, Portsmouth and SE Hampshire Health Authority, Local Medical Council, Members of Parliament, Nursing Homes and Social Services, Local Primary Care Trusts and Primary Care Groups.

Commission for Health In	mprovement	Factua	l Accuracy Draft
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• Stakeholders	who ha	d contacted	CHI-patients,

relatives/carers/friends.

#### 2. Stakeholder Responses

i. As a result of the mail out of information in November 2001, CHI have received the following responses from patients, relatives/carers/friends and voluntary organisations

Letters	Questionna ires	Telephone Interviews	*Stakeholde r Interviews
7	1	10	16

\*Stakeholders were counted according to the number of attendees and not based on number of interviews

ii. A number of people who contacted CHI did so using more than one method. In these cases any other form of submitted evidence, was incorporated as part of the Stakeholders contact.

#### 3. Analysis of views received:

During the CHI investigation the stakeholder evidence highlighted both positive and negative views about patient care. The following analysis illustrated both types of experiences of patients/friends and relatives.

#### **Positive Experiences**

CHI received 9 letters from stakeholders commenting on the satisfaction of the care that the patients received and highlighting the excellent level of care and kindness demonstrated by the staff and how much the staff were appreciated. This was also supported by the many letters of thanks and donations received by the Gosport War Memorial Hospital.

Table to show the most frequent positive views of patient

and relative/friend experiences

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View	Frequency of
	responses
Staff Attitude Environment	5 5
Other one of comment included:	S
Access to Services	/
Transfer, Prescribing, En	d
of Life arrangements	/
Communication an	d
Complaints.	

The overall analysis of the stakeholder comments indicated that staff attitude and the environment were most highly commended. Examples of staff attitude included comments such as, "One lovely nurse on Dryad went to say hello to every patient even before she got her coat off" and "As a whole the ward was lovely and the there was no complaints against the staff". The environment was described as being tidy and clean with good décor. Another comment recognised the wards attention to maintaining patient dignity with curtains been drawn reducing attention to the patient. A Stakeholder also commented on the positive experience they had when dealing with the trust concerning a complaint they had issued.

#### Negative Experiences

However, there were a number of frequent emerging negative experiences of patients/friends and relatives that were shared with CHI by stakeholders.

View Frequency of responses 14 Communication with relatives/carers/friends Patient transfer 10 Nutrition and fluids 11 Prescription of medicines 9 Continence management, 4,4 catheritisation

Table to show the most frequent negative views of patient and relative/friend experiences

Commission for Health Improvement	Factual Accuracy Draft
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Staff attitude End of Life, Communication with: patients	8
patients	4
relatives/carers/friends Humanity of care i.e.	6 5,3
access to buzzer, clothes	

The table above highlights some of the more common negative views from the stakeholder responses, which are associated with the concerns, which have triggered the Investigation and are incorporated into the term of reference.

The specifics of the term of reference which stakeholders have commented on are:

- The guidelines and practices in place at the trust to ensure good quality care and effective performance management
- Patient Transfer: -

Three of the contacts commented on the complexity of the patient's health before and during the transfer, "Patients should be physically fit to transfer", "Family felt if they knew how ill their father was they would not have moved him from Queen Alexander Hospital" and "Hospital claimed that the patient is in very serious pain following their transfer from Queen Alexander Hospital" Two contacts mentioned the time that it took to transfer the patient and a further two highlighted the in appropriate method of transporting the patient, such as being carried " on a sheet, with no poles- like a sack of potatoes" or being transferred, " naked from the waist down apart from a piece of padding".

• Nutrition and fluids: -Four of the contacts highlighted a lack of help in feeding patients. Three contacts commented on how dehydrated the patients appeared and others generally commented on the lack of positive communication between the relative/carer and the staff to overcome the relative/carer's concern about the level of nutrition and fluids.

#### Humanity of care: -•

The stakeholders commented consistently on incontinence management, the attitude of staff, proximity of bells and management of patients' clothes.

- Incontinence management- four stakeholders felt that there was limited help with patients that needed to use the toilet, "asked on three separate occasions but did not receive help" and "never able to reach emergency button so the patient wet herself "
- Attitude of staff- eight stakeholders commented on staff attitude mentioning waiting times for staff to respond, " waited 40 minutes for the nurse to come" other comments included, "basic care lacking in last few days e.g. moistening of mouth, clean pillows" and "main concern is culture on the ward especially manner of staff with patients and relatives". However, other stakeholders also observed some nurses being excellent and caring.
- Provision of bells Five stakeholders observed that the bells were often out of the patients reach.
- Management of Clothing- 3 stakeholders commented, "that the patients were never in their own clothes" and that "one patient rarely had a cover on their leqs"

#### for the prescription, administration, Arrangements review and recording of drugs

- Prescribing: -The majority of concerns were around the prescribing of diamorphine. Other concerns centred on those authorised to prescribe the medication to the which was patient, communicated to the relatives/carer.
- Communication and collaboration between the trust and patients, their relatives and carers and with partner organisations.
- Communication with relatives/carers: -Five interviews indicated a lack of staff contact with the relatives/carers about the condition of the patient and the patient's care plan. Other interviews commented on how some of the staff were not approachable. One interview referred to the Gosport War Memorial Hospital Investigation 89

absence of lay terms to describe a patient's condition, making it difficult to understand the patient's status of health.

- Arrangements to support patents and their relatives and carers towards the end of the patient's life.
  - End of life patients, relatives /carers: -Stakeholders mainly felt that there was a lack of communication from the staff after their relative had died, this was feedback to CHI through comments such as, "no doctors entered room in last days of the patient's life", " family received no support from GWMH staff after told them that the patient would die".
- i. Three of the contacts had made complaints. Of these all were dissatisfied about the trust response. They felt that the complaints were not dealt with appropriately.

#### APPENDIX C

#### Portsmouth Healthcare Trust staff and non-executive directors interviewed by CHI

CHI is grateful to Caroline Harrington for scheduling interviews.

- Wood, Andy, Finance Director,
- Wilson, Angela, Senior Staff Nurse,
- Tubbitt, Anita, Senior Staff Nurse,
- Monk, Anne, Chairman,
- Haste, Anne, Clinical Manager,
- Robinson, Barbara, Deputy General Manager,
- Melrose, Barbara, Complaints,
- Hooper, Bill, Project Director,
- Phillips, Catherine, Speech & Language Therapist,
- Joice, Chris, ,
- Lee, David, Complaints Convenor & Non Executive Director
- Barker, Debbie, Staff Nurse,
- Law, Diane, Patient Affairs Manager,
- Yikona, Dr, Staff Grade Physician,
- Ravindrance, Dr, Consultant,
- Qureshi, Dr, Consultant,
- Lord, Dr Althea, Lead Consultant,
- Jarrett, Dr David, Lead Consultant,
- Banks, Dr Vicki, Lead Consultant,
- Thomas, Eileen, Nursing Director,
- Cameron, Fiona, General Manager,
- Walker, Fiona, Senior Staff Nurse,
- Hamblin, Gill, Senior Staff Nurse,
- Day, Ginny, Senior Staff Nurse,
- Langdale, Helen, Health Care Social Worker,
- Reid, Ian, Medical Director,
- Piper, Ian, Operational Director,
- Neville, J, ,
- Hair, James, Chaplain,
- Peach, Jan, Service Manager,
- Williams, Jane, Nurse Consultant,
- Parvin, Jane, Senior Personnel Manager,

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• Watling, Jeff, Chief Pharmacist,

- Clasby, Jerry, Senior Nurse,
- O'Dell, Jo, Practice Development Facilitator,
- Dunleavy, Jo, Staff Nurse,
- Taylor, Jo, Senior Nurse,
- Lock, Joan, ,
- Jones, Julie, Corporate Risk Advisor,
- Mann, Katie, Senior Staff Nurse,
- Humphrey, Lesley, Quality Manager,
- Peagram, Lin, Physio Assistant,
- Woods, Linda, Staff Nurse,
- Barrett, Lynn, Staff Nurse,
- Wigfall, Margaret, Night Enrolled Nurse,
- Thorpe, Maria, Health Care Social Worker,
- Barker, Marilyn, Enrolled Nurse,
- Millett, Max, Chief Executive,
- Loney, Mick, Porter,
- Wilkins, Pat, Senior Staff Nurse,
- Carroll, Patrick, Occupational Therapist,
- Goode, Pauline, Health Care Social Worker,
- Wells, Penny, District Nurse,
- King, Peter, Personnel Director,
- Beed, Phillip, Clinical Manager,
- Crane, Rosemary, Senior Dietician,
- Brind, Shelly, Occupational Therapist,
- Hallman, Shirley, ,
- Dunleavy, Shirley, Physiotherapist,
- King, Steve, Clinical Risk Advisor,
- Nelson, Sue, ,
- Jones, Teresa, Ward Clerk,
- Douglas, Tina, Staff Nurse,
- Lawrence, Vanessa, Senior Nurse Coordinator,
- Pease, Yong, Staff Nurse,
- Clarke, Sally, Patient Transport Manager,

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#### APPENDIX D

# Meetings with external agencies with an involvement in Elderly care at the Gosport War Memorial Hospital.

## Haslar Hospital

Sam Page, Bed Manager

#### Portsmouth Hospital Trust

Gill Angus, Clinical Discharge Coordinator Wendy Peckham, Discharge Planner for Medicine, St Mary's Hospital Clare Bownass, Ward Sister, St Mary's Hospital Sonia Baryschpolec, Staff Nurse, St Mary's Hospital

#### Hampshire Ambulance Services

Alan Lyford, Patient Transport Service Manager

## Isle of Wight, Portsmouth & South East Hampshire Health Authority

Dr Peter Olde, Director of Public Health Penny Humphries, Chief Executive Nicky Pendleton, Progamme Lead for Elderly Care Servces

#### NHS Executive- East Regional Office

Mike Gill,

•

## St Mary's Hospital

#### Portsmouth and South East Hampshire Community Health Council

Joyce Knight, Margaret Lovell, Chief Officer Christine Wilks,

## Hampshire Constabulary

DSI. John James

#### Social Services- Portsmouth Social Services Department for Older People

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Sarah Mitchell, Assisstant Director Tony Warns, Helen Loren,

## Alverstoke House Nursing and Residential Care Home

Rose Cook,

## Glen Heathers Nursing and Residential Care Home

John Perkins,

## <u>Other</u>

## League of Friends

Mary Tyrell, Chair

## Motor Neuron Association

Mrs Fitzpatrick

- MP
- PCT
- PCG
- Local Medical Council
- GWMH Medical Committee
- RCN
- Unison

## APPENDIX E

## Medical case note review

## Terms of Reference for the Medical Notes Review Group to Support the CHI Investigation at Gosport War Memorial Hospital

## Purpose

The Group has been established to review the clinical notes of a random selection of recently deceased older patients at the Gosport War Memorial Hospital in order to inform the CHI investigation. With reference to CHIs investigation terms of reference and the expert witness reports prepared for the police by Dr Munday and Professor Ford, this review will address the following:

- (i) The prescription, administration, review and recording of drugs.
- (ii) The use and application of the Trust's policies on the Assessment & Management of Pain, Prescription Writing and Administration of IV Drugs.
- (iii) The quality of nursing care towards the end of life.
- (iv) The recorded cause of death.

#### Method

The Group will review 15 anonymised clinical notes supplied by the Trust, followed by a one day meeting at CHI in order to produce a written report to inform the CHI investigation. The Group will reach its conclusions by March 31<sup>st</sup> 2002 at the latest.

#### Membership

Dr Tony Luxton, Geriatrician – Lifespan NHS Trust (CHI doctor team member & chair of Group)

Maureen Morgan, Independent Management Consultant (CHI nurse member) Professor Gary Ford, Professor of Pharmacology of Old Age, University of Newcastle and Freeman Hospital

Dr Keith Munday, Consultant Geriatrician, Frimley Park Hospital

Annette Goulden, Deputy Directior Of Nursing, Trent Regional Office and formerly Department of Health Nursing Officer for elderly care

Dr Luxton and Maureen Morgan have been seconded to CHI for their work with CHI on this investigation, similar arrangements will apply to Professor Ford, Dr Munday Annette Goulden with regard to expenses, confidentiality etc. The Group will be supported by Julie Miller CHI Investigation Manager, who will produce a report based on the Group's work.

## Findings of Group

The findings of the Group will be shared with:

- (i) the CHI Gosport investigation team
- (ii) CHI's Nurse Director and Medical Director and other CHI staff as appropriate
- (iii) The Trust
- (iv) Relatives of the deceased (facilitated by the Trust) if requested, on an individual basis

The Group's findings will not be published in full in the investigation report, though a summary will be included. The final report of the Group will be subject to the usual rules of disclosure applying to CHI investigation reports.

#### APPENDIX F

## An explanation of the dissolution of services into the new Primary Care Trusts.

## Arrangements for hosting clinical services

	Portsmouth	East	Fareham &	West
	City PCT	Hampshire PCT	Gosport PCT	Hampshire NHS TRust
Elderly medicine		۲		
Elderly mental		•		
health		-		
Community				
paediatrics				
Adult mental				
health services				
	For			For
	Portsmouth			Hampshire
	City			Patients
	Patients			
Learning				
disability				
services				
Subsatnce				
misuse				
Clinical				
pyschology				
Primary care				
counselling	•			
Specialist family				
planning	•			
Palliative care				

( Local Health, Local Decisions, Consultant Document September 2001, South East Regional Office of the NHS Executive: Isle of Wight, Portsmouth and South East Hampshire Health Authority and Southampton and South West Health Authority)

## APPENDIX G

## Table illustrating the Throughput in the Gosport War Memorial Hospital wards Sultan, Dryad and Daedalus.

Table . Throughput data 1997/98 - 2000/01

Financial Year	Ward	FCEs	Spells	
1997/98	Daedalus	97	27?	
1997/98	Dryad	72	19?	
1997/98	Sultan	287	106?	
	GWMH	456	152?	
1998/99	Daedalus	121	119	
1998/99	Dryad	76	75	
1998/99	Sultan	306	298	
	GWMH	503	492	
1999/00	Daedalus	110	110	
1999/00	Dryad	131	130	
1999/00	Sultan	402	383	
	<u>GWMH</u>	643	623	
2000/01	Daedalus	113	110	
2000/01	Dryad	86	84	
2000/01	Sultan	380	361	
	GWMH	579	555	

## \* Daedalus and Daedalus Stroke have been added together.

*Further work needed on presentation of data and commentary.(1997/98 data incomplete to date)* 

## APPENDIX H

## Breakdown of Medication in Dryad, Sultan and Daedalus wards at the Gosport War Memorial Hospital.

Drug	Ward	Dose	Pack	97/98	98/99	99/00	00/01
Diamorphine Syringe Diamorphine Syringe Diamorphine Syringe Diamorphine Syringe Diamorphine Syringe Injection Diamorphine Syringe Diamorphine Syringe Diamorphine Syringe Diamorphine Syringe Sultar Total Diamorphine Syringe Diamorphine Syringe Sultar Diamorphine Syringe Sultar Diamorphine Syringe Sultar Diamorphine Syringe Sultar Sultar Diamorphine Syringe Sultar Diamorphine Syringe	Daedauls	5mg	5	0	5	0	3
	Dryad	5mg	5	0	0	0	6
Injection	Sultan	5mg	5	6	5	0	10
	Total	5mg	5	6	10	0	19
				1			1
Diamorphine Syringe	Sultan	5mg	1	0	10	0	0
	Total	5mg	1	0	10	0	0
	Daedalus	10mg	5	21	34	27	19
	Dryad	10mg	5	40	57	56	20
Injection	Sultan	10mg	5	87	38	24	35
	Total	10mg	5	128	127	107	74
	Dryad	10mg	1	0	17	0	0
Diamorphine Syringe	Sultan	10mg	1	0	20	0	0
	Total	10mg	1	0	37	0	0
	1			1	1	1	
	Daedalus	30mg	5	16	27	15	7
Diamorphine	Dryad	30mg	5	34	51	40	4
	Sultan	30mg	5	67	43	14	31
	Total	30mg	5	117	121	69	42
					·		·
Diamorphine Syringe	Dryad	30mg	1	0	5	0	0
Dianorphine Syringe	Total	30mg	1	0	5	0	0

Summary of Medicine Useage 1997/98-2000/01 (Mar 2002)

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Drug	Ward	Dose	Pack	97/98	98/99	99/00	00/01
	Daedalus	100mg	5	2	11	1	2
Diamorphine	Dryad	100mg	5	12	13	2	0
Injection	Sultan	100mg	5	20	27	0	31
	Total	100mg	5	34	51	3	0
	1	1		1	1	1	
	Daedalus	500mg	5	0	1	0	0
Diamorphine	Dryad	500mg	5	0	2	0	4
Injection	Sultan	500mg	5	1	1	0	4
	Total	500mg	5	1	4	0	0
	1			1	1		
	Daedalus	5mg/5ml	10	0	3	0	0
Haloperidol Injection	Dryad	5mg/5ml	10	1	1	0	0
malopendoi injection	Sultan	5mg/5ml	10	43	15	6	0
	Total	5mg/5ml	10	44	19	6	0
Drug	Ward	Dose	Pack	97/98	98/99	99/00	00/01
	Daedalus	5mg/5ml	5	0	0	0	4
Haloperidol Injection	Dryad	5mg/5ml	5	0	0	0	1
maiopendor injection	Sultan	5mg/5ml	5	0	0	0	16
	Total	5mg/5ml	5	0	0	0	21

	Daedalus	10mg/2ml	10	37	51	39	17
Midazolam	Dryad	10mg/2ml	10	75	108	75	19
Wildazolam	Sultan	10mg/2ml	10	21	9	2	11
	Total	10mg/2ml	10	133	168	116	47

(Summary of Medicine Useage 1997/98-2000/01 (Mar 2002), Portsmouth Hospitals Trust , Pharmacy Service)

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<u>APPENDIX I</u>

Glossary