Form MG15(T)

RESTRICTED

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RECORD OF INTERVIEW

Number: Y20E

Enter type:

ROTI

(SDN / ROTI / Contemporaneous Notes / Index of Interview with VIW / Visually recorded interview)

Person interviewed:

BARTON, JANE ANN

Place of interview:

FRAUD SQUAD OFFICE NETLEY

Date of interview:

03/03/2005

Time commenced:

0915

Time concluded:

0940

Duration of interview:

25 MINS

Tape reference nos. (\rightarrow)

Interviewer(s):

DC2479 YATES & DC162 QUADE

Other persons present:

MR BARKER SOLICITOR

Police Exhibit No: CSY/JAB/4A

Number of Pages: 22

Signature of interviewer producing exhibit

Person speaking

Text

DC YATES

This interview is being tape recorded I am DC2479 Chris

YATES, my colleague is -

DC QUADE

DC1162 Geoff QUADE.

DC YATES

I'm interviewing Doctor Jane BARTON, Doctor can you

please give your full name and your date date of birth.

BARTON

Doctor Jane Anne BARTON 19/10/48 (19/10/1948).

DC YATES

Also present is Mr BARKER who is Doctor BARTON'S

Solicitor. Can you please give your full name.

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SOLICITOR

Yes certainly it's Ian Stephen Petrie BARKER.

DC YATES

If you have a role about your, or if you have sorry a statement about your role here today maybe now.

SOLICITOR

No I'm just Doctor BARTON'S Solicitor.

DC YATES

Okay. This interview is being conducted in an office within the Fraud Squad at Netley Support Headquarters in Hampshire. The time is 09:15 hours and the date is the 3rd of March 2005 (03/03/2005). At the conclusion of the interview I'll give you a notice explaining what will happen to the tapes. I must remind you Doctor that you are entitled to free legal advice, you have Mr BARKER with you, have you had enough time to speak to him before this interview started.

BARTON

Yes thank you.

DC YATES

Okay. If at any time you want to speak to Mr BARKER then just say and we'll stop the interview so that you can consult in private. I must also tell you that you've attended voluntarily, you are not under arrest, you have come here of your own freewill, therefore if at any time you wish to leave then your completely free to do so. You do not have to say anything but it may harm your defence if you do not mention when questioned something, which you later rely on in Court. Anything you do say maybe given in evidence. That's what's called the Caution Doctor, do you understand that Caution.

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BARTON

I do.

DC YATES

Could you just for our peace of mind explain what you

think that Caution means.

SOLICITOR

Well Officer again perhaps you could explain that so that

Doctor BARTON'S absolutely clear sometimes it's rather

difficult for people in this situation to put it across.

DC YATES

The Caution comes in, in three parts really. The first part is your right in law you don't have to say anything and the last bit is quite obvious, and anything you do say maybe given in evidence it's being tape recorded and should this matter ever go to Court the tapes can be played or a transcript could be read. It's the, the bit in the middle where it says it may harm your defence if you do not mention when questioned something, which you later rely on in Court. In a nutshell if you don't say something now but you later give a reason or an answer if this matter goes to Court then the Court may and it is only a may put an inference on that and wonder why you didn't say that earlier. Do you understand what I'm saying.

BARTON

I do.

DC YATES

Does that sound a reasonable explanation Mr BARKER.

SOLICITOR

I think we can have small trite arguments but the essense of

what you've said.

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DC YATES

Okay. Alright. This interview is not being monitored today so nobody else is listening, listending in if it was being monitored there would a red light situated somewhere which would, which would illuminate. Now during the interview I'll probably ask most of the questions but my colleague DC QUADE will be making notes, don't let that worry you it's just so that we've got a reference straight away of what's been said. Mr BARKER can I just cover something with you. I believe you've been given some advance disclosure on the 4th of November which is the last time that we met.

SOLICITOR

Yes that's right.

DC YATES

And the disclosure consisted of a set of medical notes pertaining to Mr Code A and a summary is that correct.

SOLICITOR

That's correct yes.

DC YATES

Excellent. This investigation as you're no doubt already aware is being conducted by the Hampshire Constabulary it started in September 2002, I accept that it's over two years now but the investigation will probably continue for some considerable time still. It's an investigation into allegations of the unlawful killing of a number of patients at the Gosport War Memorial Hospital between 1990 and 2000. No decision has been made as to whether an offence or any offences have been committed but it's important to be aware that the offence range being investigated runs from an assault all the way up to murder and part of the ongoing enquiries to interview witnesses who were involved in the

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were a Clinical Assistant at the Gosport War Memorial Hospital at the time of the these deaths, so your knowledge of the working and of the hospital and the care and treatment of the patients is very central to this enquiry. The interview today will be concentrating on Code A who was an 82 year old man and he died on Dryad Ward on the 24th of January 1996 (24/01/1996). Now I've done most of the speaking now but perhaps in your own words Doctor you can tell me your recollection of Code A and the care and treatment.

SOLICITOR

Officer can I say that Doctor BARTON has produced a pre prepared statement so that she can convey to you all the information that she thinks she can about Mr [Code A] and his case. I would invite if your content with this Doctor BARTON to read that out as her account responding to your invitation just now. I have to say for the reasons that I articulated on the previous occasion though my advice to Doctor BARTON is that she should then make no further comment to questions.

DC YATES

Right.

SOLICITOR

Put to her and hopefully this is a detailed pre prepared statement, which will take care of necessary information you seek.

DC YATES

As you mention that yes if you could read it Doctor BARTON but you you're indicating that once you've read the prepared statements your not going to answer any

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further questions put to you about this matter. Is that correct.

BARTON

Correct.

DC YATES

Okay. If you, if you could it read then please Doctor.

SOLICITOR

It's simply the form as I do have a copy of the statement for

you.

DC YATES

That would be ever so handy.

SOLICITOR

Of course no problem at all it will save you making notes.

DC YATES

Yeah. Thank you.

BARTON

I am Doctor Jane BARTON of the Forton Medical Centre, White's Place, Gosport, Hampshire. As you are aware, I am a General Practitioner, and from 1988 until 2000, I was in addition the sole clinical assistant at the Gosport War Memorial Hospital.

I understand you are concerned to interview me in relation to a patient at the Gosport War Memorial Hospital, Mr

Code A

As you are aware, I provided you with a statement on the 4th November 2004, which gave information about my practice generally, both in relation to my role as a General Practitioner and as the clinical assistant at the Gosport War Memorial Hospital. I adopt that statement now in relation to general issues insofar as they relate to Code A

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In that statement I indicated when I had first taken up the post, the level of dependency of patients was relatively low and that in general the patients did not have major medical needs. I said that over time that position changed very considerably and that patients who were increasingly dependent would be admitted to the wards. I indicated that certainly by 1998 many of the patients were profoundly dependent with minimal bartel scores, and there was significant bed occupancy. The demands on my time and that of the nursing staff were considerable. I was in effect left with the choice of attending to my patients and making notes as best I could, or making more detailed notes about those I did see, but potentially neglecting other patients.

Whilst the demands on my time were probably slightly less in 1996 than the position which then pertained in 1998 and beyond, certainly even by 1996 there had been a significant increase in dependency, increase in bed occupancy, and consequent decrease in the ability to make notes of each and every assessment and review of a patient. These difficulties clearly applied both to me and the nursing staff at the time of our care of **Code A** Similarly I had by this stage felt obliged to adopt the policy of pro-active prescribing to which I have made reference in my previous statement to you, given the constraints and demands on time.

In	any e	event,	it is	apparent	from I	Cod	e A	medical
rec	ords	that h	e was	s 83 years	s of age	and had	d been	suffering
fro	m de _l	pressio	on sir	nce his 50	's	Code A	had	been

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living in a residential home, Hazeldene and also had been an in-patient at the Knowle Hospital where he had received Electro Convulsive Therapy as treatment for severe depression. Having returned to Hazeldene, early in 1995 it is recorded that by September that year Mr Code A had taken to his bed and was no longer eating and drinking properly. In view of his general condition and depression, he then appears to have been admitted to Mulberry Ward at the Gosport War Memorial Hospital having been seen at Hazeldene by a Community Psychiatric Nurse in September 1995.

The note of the Community Psychiatric Nurse for the 1st September 1995 records that she had been asked to review

Code A mood and behaviour. She said that he had lost 1 pound 1 stone 2 pounds in two months and appeared physically frailer, anxious and had fallen at times. She recorded the drug regime at that time, and her view that the best course of action was to arrange an admission to Mulberry Ward for assessment of the regime and to provide interim intensive support for Code A.

From Code A records it appears then that he was admitted to Mulberry Ward on the 14th September 1995 (14/09/1995) under the care of Consultant in Old Age Psychiatry, Dr Vicki BANKS. Mulberry Ward is the long stay elderly mental health ward at the Gosport War Memorial Hospital. On admission it was recorded that there had been a deterioration of Code A mood and physical capabilities over recent months. Whilst on Mulberry Ward, Code A depression was treated

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with Lithium, Sertraline, and he also received Diazepam and Thioridazine.

Mr Code A was then discharged from Gosport War Memorial Hospital on 24th October 95 (24/10/1995). The subsequent discharge letter to Code A GP from Dr Rosie BAYLY, Registrar to Dr BANKS, stated that Mr Code A had scored 8 out of 10 on a mental health score, and that he had been offered ECT for his depression but had turned it down as it had not been very effective previously. Dr BAYLY referred to his frail physical condition, but said that his mood had improved quite a bit during his admission and that he seemed to have more energy. He was apparently to be followed up as a day patient.

Code A was then re admitted to Mulberry Ward from Hazeldene on 13th December 1995 (13/12/1995). The nursing staff at the residential home were said to have found it increasingly difficult to manage him as he had become both physically and verbally aggressive. On 20th December his physical condition was described as poor, and he later developed a chest infection and areas of pressure ulceration.

With his condition remaining poor, Dr BAYLY wrote a note on 2nd January 1996 (02/01/1996) requesting Dr Althea LORD, Consultant Geriatrician, to see Mr Code A In her note Dr BAYLY said that on admission Code A mobility had initially deteriorated rapidly and that he had developed a chest infection. She reported

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that his chest was now clearing, but he remained bed bound, expressing the wish to die. The following day, Mr

Code A was said to be deteriorating.

Dr LORD then undertook an assessment on 4th January. In records she said that she would be happy Code A to take Code A to a long stay bed in the hospital. Recording the position at this time when then writing formally to Dr BANKS on 8th January, Dr LORD said she noted that he had suffered from a chronic resistant depression and long courses of ECT in the past had not been effective. He had recovered from a recent chest infection but was completely dependent with a Bartel score of zero, his urinary catheter was bypassing and he had ulceration of the left buttock and hip. He had hypoproteinaemia with an albumin of 27 and was eating very little although he would drink moderate amounts with encouragement. She felt that he would need high protein drinks as well as a bladder wash out but overall felt that his prognosis was poor and would be happy to arrange transfer to Dryad on 5th January. She gathered that was also aware of his poor prognosis.

In noting that his prognosis was poor I believe that Dr LORD felt that **Code A** vas unlikely to get better and sadly he was not likely to live for a significant period.

Accordingly, **Code A** was admitted to Dryad ward the following day, 5th January, though under the care of Consultant Geriatrician Dr Jane TANDY, and I undertook his assessment. Unfortunately, given the very considerable

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interval of ti	me I now have no real recollection of Mr
·	my admission note in his records reads as
follows:	
"5 th January 96	Transfer to Dryad Ward from Mulberry
	Present problem
	Immobility depression
	Broken sacrum. Small superficial areas
	Ankle dry lesion Left ankle
	Both heels suspect
	Catheterised
	transfers with hoist
	may help to feed himself
	Long standing depression on Lithium and Sertraline"
I also prescribed	medication for Code A continuing
the Sertraline, L	ithium, Diazepam, and Thyroxine which
had been given o	luring his stay on Mulberry Ward, together
with Daktacort co	ream for his pressure sores.
	would have seen Code A each
•	on duty at the hospital. 5 th January 1996
	ng a Friday, I would have seen him again
on 8 th January an	d reviewed his condition. I have not made
a note, but anti-	cipate that his condition may have been
essentially uncha	nged.

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I saw **Code A** again on Tuesday 9th January and made the following entry in his notes:

"9-1-96 Painful Right hand held in flexion

Try arthrotec

Also increasing anxiety and agitation
? sufficient diazepam
? needs opiates"

The nursing note for 9th January documents that Mr Code A had taken a small amount of diet. He was noted to be very sweaty that morning, but apyrexial. He stated that he had generalised pain and it was noted that he would be seen by me that morning.

The prescription chart shows that I prescribed Arthrotec, which would have been for the pain in **Code A** hand as recorded by me in the notes. The prescription is in fact dated for the previous day. I do not know now if the date is an error or if I had prescribed and seen him the previous day, and made a substantative note the following day, 9th January. In any event on 9th January I noted that **Code A** had increased anxiety and agitation, and raised the possibility that it might be necessary to increase the diazepam and prescribe opiates. I would have been conscious that a ward round with Dr TANDY was to take place the following day, and that a change in medication could sensibly be considered then.

The notes show that Dr TANDY and I then saw Mr Code A the following day, 10th January. Dr TANDY

Code A

Code A

with [

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noted his dementia, that he was catheterised, had
superficial ulcers, his Barthel score remained zero, and he
would eat and drink. She wrote that Code A was
"for TLC" (Tender loving care). This indicated that Dr
TANDY effectively agreed with Dr LORD'S assessment
and felt Code A was not appropriate for attempts at
rehabilitation but was for all appropriate nursing care and
treatment only. She noted that she had had discussion with
Code A wife who had agreed that in view of his
very poor condition this was appropriate.
The nursing note for the same day confirmed that we had

being aware of this.

and that his condition remained poor,

The prescription chart shows that I prescribed Oramorph for Code A the same day, no doubt in consequence of liaison with Dr TANDY at the time of the ward round. This would have been for relief of pain, anxiety and distress. The dose is recorded at 2.5 mls in what is a 10mg/5ml ratio, 4 hourly. The regime was written up for doses at 6.00 a.m., 10.00 a.m., 2.00 p.m. (14:00) and 6.00 p.m. (18:00). It appears that I also proactively wrote up a prescription for diamorphine, in a dose range of 40-80mgs subcutaneously over 24 hours, together with 200-400mcgs of hyoscine and 20-40mgs of midazolam via the same route. I anticipate we were concerned that the Oramorph

might be insufficient and that further medication should be

available just in case he needed it.

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Sister HAMBLIN recorded in the nursing notes the
same day that Code A was seen and was aware of
her husband's poor condition. He was to occupy a long-
stay bed. It was clear that his condition was such that he
would not recover and in essence all that could be given
was palliative care, with his death expected shortly.
I anticipate that I would have seen Code A again the
following day. Although I did not make a clinical entry in
Mr Code A records, I wrote up a further prescription
chart for the various medications Code A was then
receiving. In addition I increased the Oramorph available
for Code A 5 pain, anxiety and distress, by adding an
evening dose of 5mls to the four daily dose doses, to tide
Code A overnight. I also provided a further
prescription for hyoscine, diamorphine and midazolam,
with the latter two drugs being at a slightly greater level
than I had written the previous day, at 80-120 and 40-
80mgs respectively. I would have been concerned that
although it was not necessary to administer the medication
at that stage, Code A pain, anxiety and distress
might develop significantly and that appropriate medication
should be available to relieve this if necessary. The
Sertraline and lithium were discontinued from this point,
given Code A poor condition.
I anticipate that I would then have seen Code A on
the Friday morning, but I would then have been away from
the hospital over the weekend. I returned on the morning
of Monday 15 th January, and would have reviewed all of
the patients on both Dryad and Daedalus wards in the usual

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I believe I may have

way, including Code A I believe I may have
been told that his condition had deteriorated considerably
over the weekend and he appeared to be experiencing
marked agitation and restlessness and to be in significant
pain and distress, through his mental and physical
condition. Unfortunately, I did not have an opportunity to
make a clinical entry in Code A notes, I anticipate
due to lack of time, but the nursing note indicates that I saw
Code A and that 80mgs of diamorphine, 60 of
midazolam, and 400mcgs of hyoscine over 24 hours were
commenced subcutaneously via syringe driver at 08.25
(08:25) that morning.
The previous medication, including the Oramorph, was
clearly insufficient in relieving Code A condition.
<u> </u>
He had been transferred to the ward in a poorly condition,
He had been transferred to the ward in a poorly condition,
He had been transferred to the ward in a poorly condition, and had been considered by consultants at about that time
He had been transferred to the ward in a poorly condition, and had been considered by consultants at about that time to be in terminal decline. Dr TANDY in particular had
He had been transferred to the ward in a poorly condition, and had been considered by consultants at about that time to be in terminal decline. Dr TANDY in particular had noticed noted that he should have "TLC" - in other words
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He had been transferred to the ward in a poorly condition, and had been considered by consultants at about that time to be in terminal decline. Dr TANDY in particular had noticed noted that he should have "TLC" - in other words palliative care in circumstances in which he was clearly dying. Since then Code A had deteriorated yet further. My concern therefore was to ensure that he did not suffer anxiety, pain and mental agitation as he died. I
He had been transferred to the ward in a poorly condition, and had been considered by consultants at about that time to be in terminal decline. Dr TANDY in particular had noticed noted that he should have "TLC" - in other words palliative care in circumstances in which he was clearly dying. Since then Code A had deteriorated yet further. My concern therefore was to ensure that he did not

I tried to judge the medication, including the increase in the level of opiates to ensure that there was the appropriate and necessary relief of his condition, whilst not administering an excessive level, and to ensure that this relief was established rapidly and maintained through the syringe

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driver. This had to take into account the fact that the lithium and Sertraline with their additional sedative effects had previously been discontinued and that he would have developed some tolerance to the oral regime.

Although the nursing notes suggest that Code A
continued to deteriorate, his pulse was noted to be stronger
and regular, and he was said to be comfortable during the
night.
The notes continue that the following day, 16 th January, Mr
Code A condition remained very poor and that there
had been some agitation when he was being attended to. It
would appear therefore that the medication commenced the
previous day had been largely successful in relieving Mr
Code A condition, but not entirely. At the same time,
it would seem that Mr Code A pain, distress and
agitation had been such that he was indeed tolerant to the
medication given, including the level of diamorphine I had
felt appropriate.
In view of the agitation I decided to add between 5-10mgs

In view of the agitation I decided to add between 5-10mgs of haloperidol to the syringe driver, with 5mgs being given at that time. The fact that I saw Code A and prescribed is recorded in the nursing notes, but again I anticipate my commitments in attending to patients at that time meant that I did not have an opportunity to make an entry in Code A notes.

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Mr Code A daughter apparently visited later that
day and was said now to be aware of her father's poorly
condition.
I believe I saw Code A again the following morning,
17th January. It appears from the nursing notes that Mr
Code A was tense and agitated and so I decided to
increase the level of his medication. I wrote a further
prescription for 120mgs of diamorphine, noted by me on
the drug chart to have been at about 08.30 (08:30). This
was with the specific aim of relieving the agitation, and
from concern that as Code A would be becoming
inured to the medication and tolerant of it, so he might
experience further agitation, and the pain and distress might
return. I also increased the haloperidol to 10mgs and the
hyoscine to 600mcgs, the latter to dry the secretions on his
chest, suction being required that morning.
I returned to review Code A in the early afternoon.
The nursing note suggests that the medication was revised
at that stage, and it is possible that the changes I had
recorded earlier were instituted at about this time.
Unfortunately, Code A appears to have deteriorated
further that evening. He was however said by Sister
HAMBLIN now to be settled and aware of when he was
being attended to. My inference was that the increase in
the medication had not seemingly caused Code A to
be excessively sedated.

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I believe I saw Code A again the following morning, Thursday 18th January. The nursing note indicates that his poorly condition continued to deteriorate. I made an entry in his records on this occasion, as follows:

"18th January 96 Further deterioration subcutaneous analgesia continues difficulty controlling symptoms try nozinan".

I believe from my note that Code A agitation had returned and we were having difficulty controlling his symptoms. I therefore increased the Haloperidol to 20mgs and decided to add 50mgs of nozinan to the syringe driver to run over 24 hours, nozinan being an antipsychotic, used also in palliative care for pain and severe restlessness.

The nursing note states that he appeared comfortable in between attentions, from which I would infer that he had adequate relief from symptoms, but he would experience pain, distress and agitation when receiving care, such as being turned, that being necessary to prevent the further development of bed sores.

Later that day a marked deterioration in Code A condition was noted by the nurses. Clearly Mr conditions

Code A condition continued to deteriorate given the fact that he was in the process of dying. His breathing was noted to be intermittent and his colour poor.

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I would not have been on duty over the weekend, and it
appears that one of my GP partners, Dr Michael BRIGG,
was available. The records show that on Saturday 20th
January, he was consulted about Mr Michael Mr
Code A and he advised that the nozinan should be
increased to 100mgs and the haloperidol discontinued. My
expectation is that Dr BRIGG would have been advised of
Code A condition and the drug regime. The only
modification being in the antipsychotic medication, it
would seem that Dr BRIGG did not consider the general
regime to be inappropriate in view of Code A
condition.
Dr BRIGG sufficient specifically recorded in the notes that
Code A had been unsettled on haloperidol, that it
should be discontinued and changed to a higher dose of
nozinan.
It seems that Dr BRIGG then saw Code A the
following day. He has made a record in the notes for 21st
January, in addition to the entry for the verbal advice given
the previous day. Dr BRIGG noted that N Code A was
much more settled, with quiet breathing and a respiratory
rate of 6 breaths per minute. Dr BRIGG said that he was
not distressed, and stated "continue". Again, it would seem
that Dr BRIGG did not disagreed with the overall
medication which was being administered in view of Mr
Code A condition.
I would have seen I Code A again on the Monday

morning, 22nd January. I have not made a note, but the

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nursing records indicate that **Code A** was poorly but peaceful.

I would have seen Code A again on 23rd January, when again it was said by the nurses that his poorly condition remained unchanged and that he remained peaceful. In view of the fact that the medication was apparently relieving his symptoms, it was not necessary to alter either the nature or the amounts being given.

Sadly, in the early hours of 24th January, Code A deteriorated suddenly, and he died at 01:45 (01:45).

DC YATES

Thank you Doctor again that's very full, very informative. Can I just ask you is this statement made by you Doctor. This prepared statement. Can I ask you if you could sign it and endorse it with the fact that you've handed it to me, possibly sign that one and time and date it please.

BARTON

This one.

DC YATES

Yeah the one you read from would be the best one.

BARTON

On, on the back page or on the front.

DC YATES

Is there room on the last page, yeah just put it on the last

page please.

BARTON

Is today's date the 3rd.

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DC YATES

Yes. And if you could just put on there handed to DC YATES, it's YATES. Lovely thank you. Would you consider countersigning Mr BARKER, you did the other one.

SOLICITOR

Yes no problem.

DC YATES

Right for the purpose of the tape I'm going to give this prepared statement an Identification Reference and I'm going to call it JB/PS/3 that's by Doctor Jane BARTON, Prepared Statement and that's the third one we've had from you. Right I intend to call a halt to the interview pretty much now so that we can go away and consider all this information that you've told us. Before is there anything you want to ask Geoff.

QUADE

No there isn't.

DC YATES

No okay. Well we'll going to go away and have a read through. Before we turn the tapes off Doctor is there anything you wish to say, anything you wish to clarify.

BARTON

Nothing.

DC YATES

Mr BARKER.

SOLICITOR

No thank you.

DC YATES

Okay well we'll give you a notice explaining the tape recording procedure, feel free to use the canteen and if you

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want get a breath of fresh air and we'll come back. The time is 09:40 and we'll turn the recorder off.